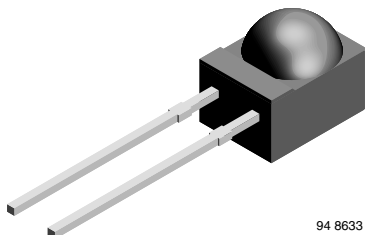


# Silicon PIN Photodiode



94 8633

## FEATURES

- Package type: leaded
- Package form: side view
- Dimensions (in mm): 4.5 x 5 x 6
- Radiant sensitive area (in mm<sup>2</sup>): 7.5
- High radiant sensitivity
- Daylight blocking filter matched with 940 nm emitters
- Fast response times
- Angle of half sensitivity:  $\phi = \pm 60^\circ$
- Compliant to RoHS Directive 2002/95/EC and in accordance to WEEE 2002/96/EC



**RoHS**  
COMPLIANT  
**GREEN**  
(5-2008)\*\*

## Note

\*\* Please see document "Vishay Material Category Policy":  
[www.vishay.com/doc?99902](http://www.vishay.com/doc?99902)

## APPLICATIONS

- High speed detector for infrared radiation
- Infrared remote control and free air data transmission systems, e.g. in combination with TSALxxxx series IR emitters

## PRODUCT SUMMARY

COMPONENT	$I_{ra}$ (μA)	$\phi$ (deg)	$\lambda_{0.5}$ (nm)
BPV22F	80	$\pm 60$	870 to 1050

## Note

- Test condition see table "Basic Characteristics"

## ORDERING INFORMATION

ORDERING CODE	PACKAGING	REMARKS	PACKAGE FORM
BPV22F	Bulk	MOQ: 4000 pcs, 4000 pcs/bulk	Side view

## Note

- MOQ: minimum order quantity

## ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS ( $T_{amb} = 25^\circ\text{C}$ , unless otherwise specified)

PARAMETER	TEST CONDITION	SYMBOL	VALUE	UNIT
Reverse voltage		$V_R$	60	V
Power dissipation	$T_{amb} \leq 25^\circ\text{C}$	$P_V$	215	mW
Junction temperature		$T_j$	100	$^\circ\text{C}$
Operating temperature range		$T_{amb}$	- 40 to + 100	$^\circ\text{C}$
Storage temperature range		$T_{stg}$	- 40 to + 100	$^\circ\text{C}$
Soldering temperature	$t \leq 5$ s	$T_{sd}$	260	$^\circ\text{C}$
Thermal resistance junction/ambient	Connected with Cu wire, 0.14 mm <sup>2</sup>	$R_{thJA}$	350	K/W

<b>BASIC CHARACTERISTICS</b> ( $T_{amb} = 25\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ , unless otherwise specified)						
PARAMETER	TEST CONDITION	SYMBOL	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT
Forward voltage	$I_F = 50\text{ mA}$	$V_F$		1	1.3	V
Breakdown voltage	$I_R = 100\text{ }\mu\text{A}$ , $E = 0$	$V_{(BR)}$	60			V
Reverse dark current	$V_R = 10\text{ V}$ , $E = 0$	$I_{ro}$		2	30	nA
Diode capacitance	$V_R = 0\text{ V}$ , $f = 1\text{ MHz}$ , $E = 0$	$C_D$		70		pF
Serial resistance	$V_R = 12\text{ V}$ , $f = 1\text{ MHz}$	$R_S$		400		$\Omega$
Open circuit voltage	$E_e = 1\text{ mW/cm}^2$ , $\lambda = 950\text{ nm}$	$V_o$		370		mV
Temperature coefficient of $V_o$	$E_e = 1\text{ mW/cm}^2$ , $\lambda = 950\text{ nm}$	$TK_{V_o}$		- 2.6		mV/K
Short circuit current	$E_e = 1\text{ mW/cm}^2$ , $\lambda = 950\text{ nm}$	$I_k$		75		$\mu\text{A}$
Reverse light current	$E_e = 1\text{ mW/cm}^2$ , $\lambda = 950\text{ nm}$ , $V_R = 5\text{ V}$	$I_{ra}$	55	80		$\mu\text{A}$
Temperature coefficient of $I_{ra}$	$E_e = 1\text{ mW/cm}^2$ , $\lambda = 950\text{ nm}$ , $V_R = 10\text{ V}$	$TK_{I_{ra}}$		0.1		%/K
Absolute spectral sensitivity	$V_R = 5\text{ V}$ , $\lambda = 870\text{ nm}$	$s(\lambda)$		0.35		A/W
	$V_R = 5\text{ V}$ , $\lambda = 950\text{ nm}$	$s(\lambda)$		0.6		A/W
Angle of half sensitivity		$\phi$		$\pm 60$		deg
Wavelength of peak sensitivity		$\lambda_p$		950		nm
Range of spectral bandwidth		$\lambda_{0.5}$		870 to 1050		nm
Quantum efficiency	$\lambda = 950\text{ nm}$	$\eta$		90		%
Noise equivalent power	$V_R = 10\text{ V}$ , $\lambda = 950\text{ nm}$	NEP		$4 \times 10^{-14}$		W/ $\sqrt{\text{Hz}}$
Detectivity	$V_R = 10\text{ V}$ , $\lambda = 950\text{ nm}$	$D^*$		$6 \times 10^{12}$		$\text{cm}^2/\text{Hz/W}$
Rise time	$V_R = 10\text{ V}$ , $R_L = 1\text{ k}\Omega$ , $\lambda = 820\text{ nm}$	$t_r$		100		ns
Fall time	$V_R = 10\text{ V}$ , $R_L = 1\text{ k}\Omega$ , $\lambda = 820\text{ nm}$	$t_f$		100		ns
Cut-off frequency	$V_R = 12\text{ V}$ , $R_L = 1\text{ k}\Omega$ , $\lambda = 870\text{ nm}$	$f_c$		4		MHz
	$V_R = 12\text{ V}$ , $R_L = 1\text{ k}\Omega$ , $\lambda = 950\text{ nm}$	$f_c$		1		MHz

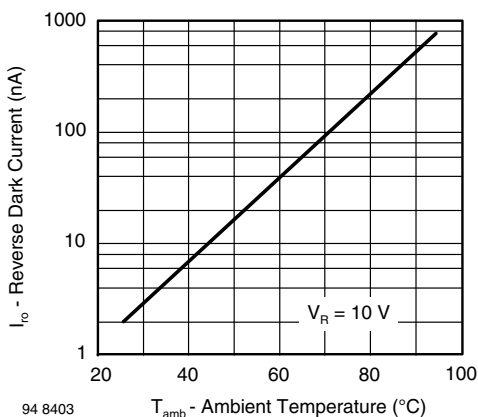
**BASIC CHARACTERISTICS** ( $T_{amb} = 25\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ , unless otherwise specified)


Fig. 1 - Reverse Dark Current vs. Ambient Temperature

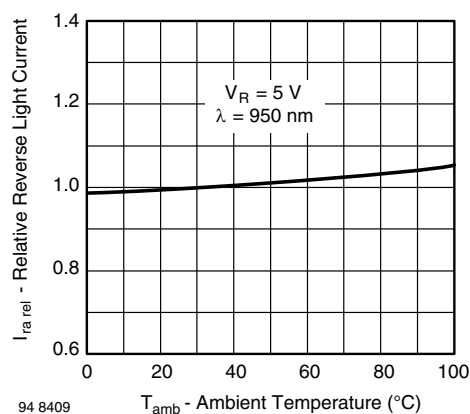


Fig. 2 - Relative Reverse Light Current vs. Ambient Temperature

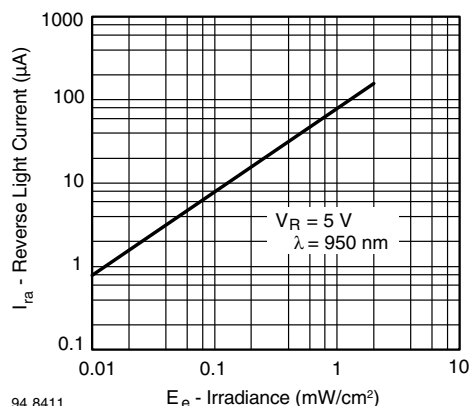


Fig. 3 - Reverse Light Current vs. Irradiance

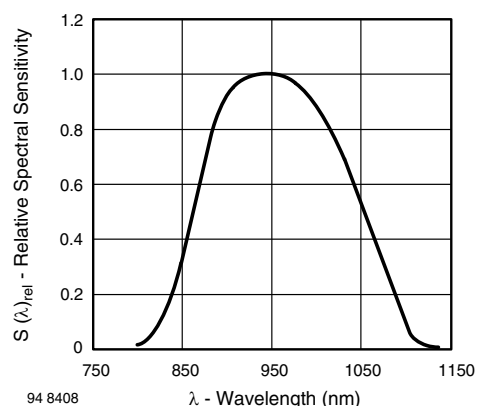


Fig. 6 - Relative Spectral Sensitivity vs. Wavelength

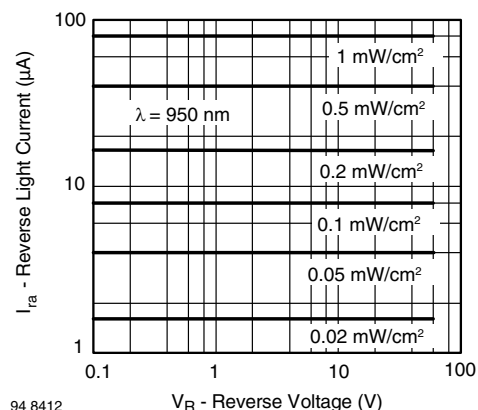


Fig. 4 - Reverse Light Current vs. Reverse Voltage

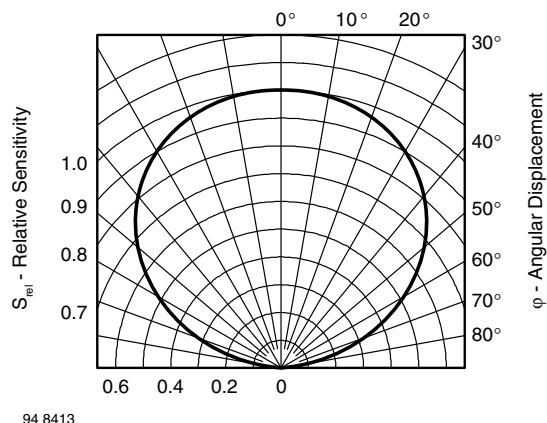


Fig. 7 - Relative Radiant Sensitivity vs. Angular Displacement

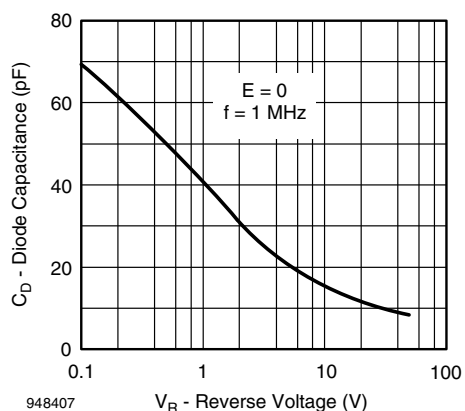
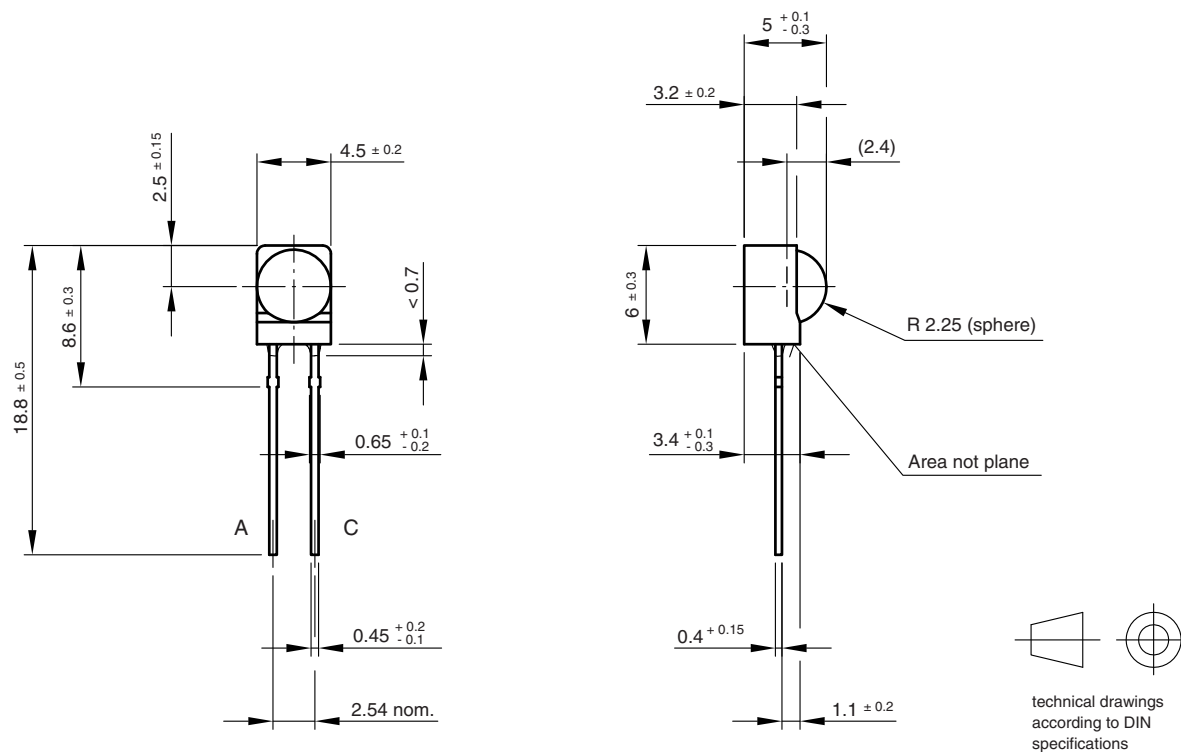


Fig. 5 - Diode Capacitance vs. Reverse Voltage



**PACKAGE DIMENSIONS** in millimeters



Drawing-No.: 6.544-5199.01-4  
Issue: 2; 19.06.01  
95 11475



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