



## **NTC thermistors for inrush current limiting**

### **Inrush Current Limiters (ICLs)**

|                       |                        |
|-----------------------|------------------------|
| <b>Series/Type:</b>   | <b>S464/**/M000</b>    |
| <b>Ordering code:</b> | <b>B57464S0***M000</b> |
| <b>Date:</b>          | <b>2021-04-22</b>      |
| <b>Version:</b>       | <b>a</b>               |

## Applications

- Inrush current limiting, e.g. in switch-mode power supplies, soft-start motors

## Features

- Leaded and coated NTC thermistors
- Tinned copper wire, kinked
- Coating material flame retardant to UL 94 V-0
- Component marking includes the manufacturer's logo, resistance value and data code
- Highly stable electrical characteristics

## Approvals

- UL 1434 (file number E338926)
- IEC ( $R_{25}=2$  up to  $10\ \Omega$ )
- VDE ( $R_{25}=2$  up to  $10\ \Omega$ )
- CQC

## Options

- Resistance tolerance <20% and alternative lead configurations available on request

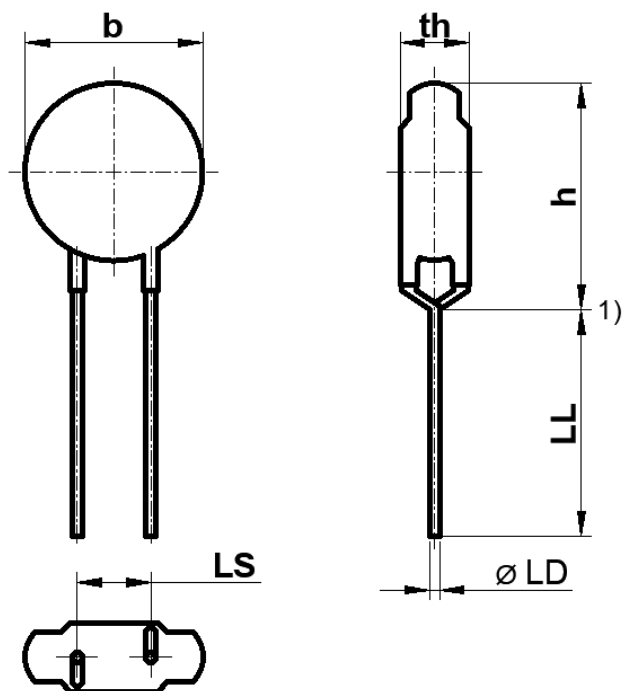
## Delivery mode

- Bulk

## General technical data

|                               |               |                  |              |      |
|-------------------------------|---------------|------------------|--------------|------|
| Climatic category             | (IEC 60068-1) |                  | 55/170/21    |      |
| Max. power                    | (at 25 °C)    | $P_{\max}$       | 6.7          | W    |
| Resistance tolerance          |               | $\Delta R_R/R_R$ | $\pm 20$     | %    |
| Rated temperature             |               | $T_R$            | 25           | °C   |
| Dissipation factor            | (in air)      | $\delta_{th}$    | approx. 30   | mW/K |
| Thermal cooling time constant | (in air)      | $\tau_{th}$      | approx. 130  | s    |
| Heat capacity                 |               | $C_{th}$         | approx. 3900 | mJ/K |

## Dimension drawings in mm



|    |           |    |
|----|-----------|----|
| b  | 27.0 max. | mm |
| th | 7.0 max.  | mm |
| h  | 32.0 max. | mm |
| LL | 25.0 min. | mm |
| LD | 1.0 ±0.05 | mm |
| LS | 7.5 ±0.08 | mm |

1) Seating plane to IEC 60717

Approx. weight: 9 g

## Electrical specification and ordering codes

Table 1

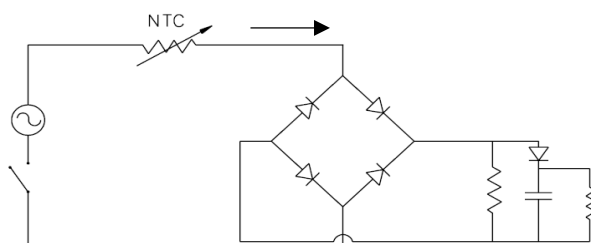
| R <sub>25</sub><br>Ω | I <sub>max1</sub><br>(0...65 °C)<br>A | C <sub>t1</sub><br>at 230 V AC<br>μF | C <sub>t2</sub><br>at 110 V AC<br>μF | R <sub>min</sub><br>(at I <sub>max</sub> , 25 °C)<br>Ω | Ordering code                   |
|----------------------|---------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|--|---------------------------------|
| 1                    | 20                                    | 2500                                 | 10000                                | 0.018  | <a href="#">B57464S0109M000</a> |
| 2                    | 13.5                                  | 2500                                 | 10000                                | 0.037  | <a href="#">B57464S0209M000</a> |
| 2.5                  | 10                                    | 1400                                 | 5600                                 | 0.054  | <a href="#">B57464S0259M000</a> |
| 5                    | 9.5                                   | 2500                                 | 10000                                | 0.071  | <a href="#">B57464S0509M000</a> |
| 10                   | 8                                     | 2500                                 | 10000                                | 0.101  | <a href="#">B57464S0100M000</a> |

Remark: I<sub>max1</sub> & C<sub>t1</sub> in table 1 are tested according to UL and IEC certificat.

Table 2

| R <sub>25</sub><br>Ω | I <sub>max2</sub><br>(0...65 °C)<br>A | C <sub>t2</sub><br>at 230 V AC<br>μF | C <sub>t2</sub><br>at 110 V AC<br>μF | R <sub>min</sub><br>(at I <sub>max</sub> , 25 °C)<br>Ω | Ordering code                   |
|----------------------|---------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|--|---------------------------------|
| 2.5                  | 10                                    | 1400                                 | 5600                                 | 0.054  | <a href="#">B57464S0259M000</a> |
| 5                    | 14                                    | 1500                                 | 6000                                 | 0.039  | <a href="#">B57464S0509M090</a> |

Remark: I<sub>max2</sub> & C<sub>t2</sub> in table 2 refer to below testing method.

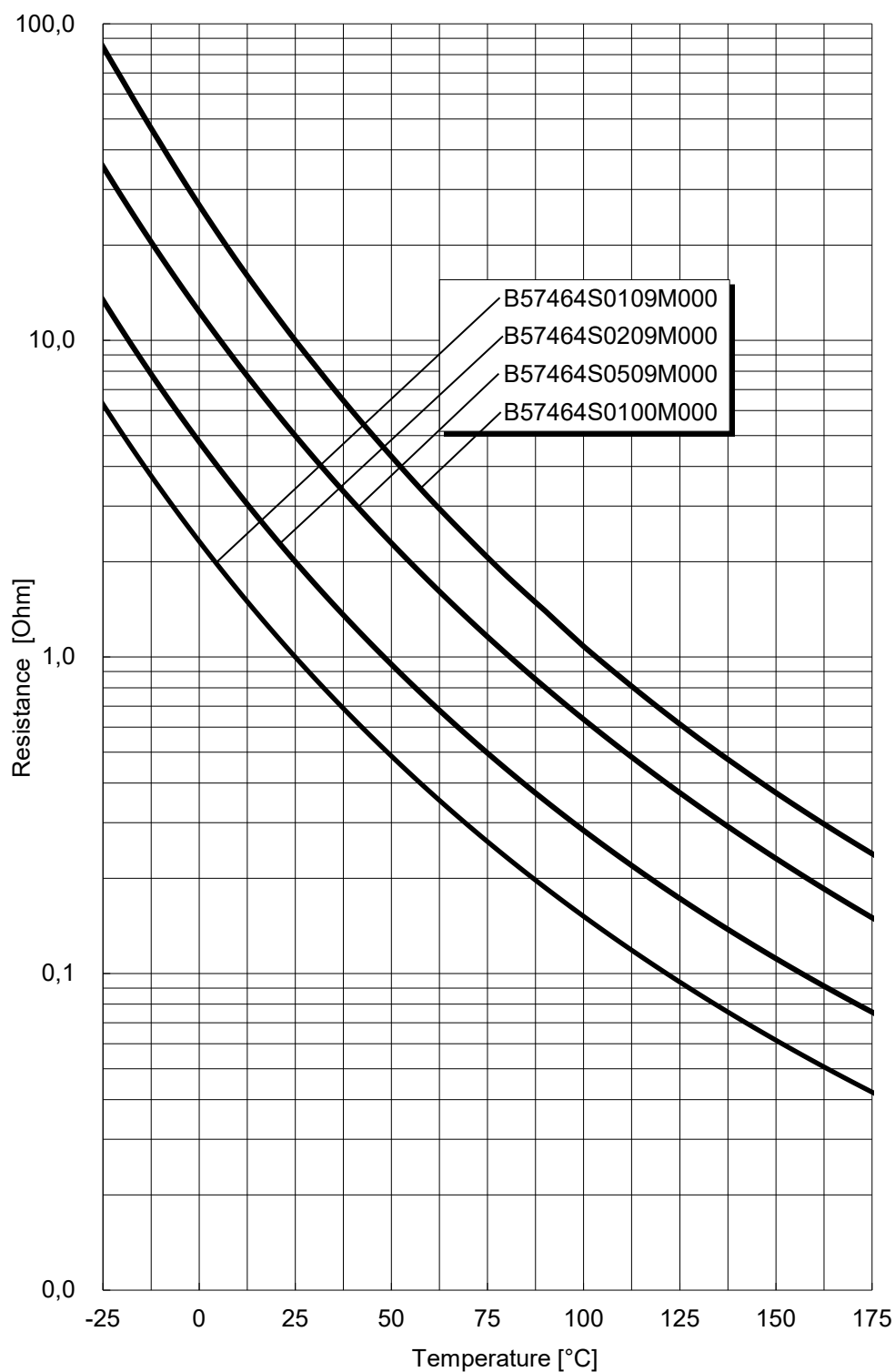


C<sub>t2</sub> Test capacitance [μF]  
I<sub>max2</sub> Max current across the NTC under test [A]  
Number of cycles: 1000

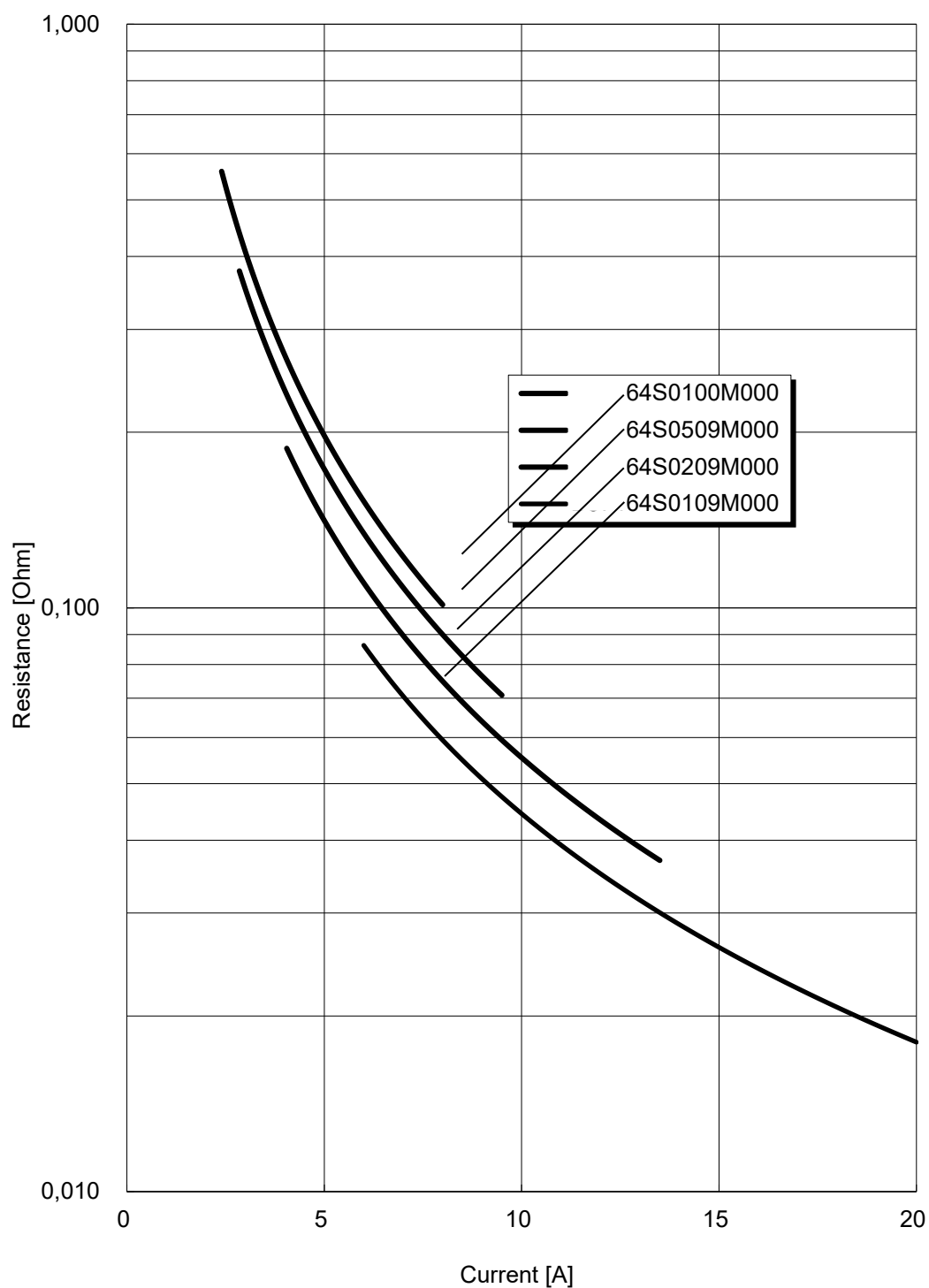
## Reliability data

| Test                               | Standard          | Test conditions  | $ \Delta R_{25}/R_{25} $<br>(typical) | Remarks           |
|------------------------------------|-------------------|--|---------------------------------------|-------------------|
| Storage in dry heat                | IEC<br>60068-2-2  | Storage at upper category temperature<br>T: 170 °C<br>t: 1 000 h   | < 20 %                                | No visible damage |
| Storage in damp heat, steady state | IEC<br>60068-2-78 | Temperature of air: 40 °C<br>Relative humidity of air: 93 %<br>Duration: 21 days   | < 20 %                                | No visible damage |
| Rapid change of temperature        | IEC<br>60068-2-14 | Lower test temperature: -55 °C<br>t: 30 min<br>Upper test temperature: 170 °C<br>t: 30 min<br>Time to change from lower to upper temperature: < 30 s<br>Number of cycles: 10 | < 20 %                                | No visible damage |
| Endurance with max. current        | IEC<br>60539-1    | Ambient temperature: 25 ± 5 °C<br>I = I <sub>max1</sub> or I <sub>max2</sub><br>t: 1000 h  | < 20 %                                | No visible damage |
| Cyclic endurance                   | IEC<br>60539-1    | Ambient temperature: 25 ± 5 °C<br>I = I <sub>max1</sub> or I <sub>max2</sub><br>On-time = 1 min<br>Cooling time = 5 min<br>Number of cycles: 1000                            | < 20 %                                | No visible damage |

## Resistance versus temperature



## Resistance versus current



## Cautions and warnings

See "Important notes" of this data sheet.

## Storage

- Store thermistors only in original packaging. Do not open the package before storage.
- Storage conditions in original packaging: storage temperature -25 °C to +45 °C, relative humidity ≤75% annual mean, maximum 95%, dew precipitation is inadmissible.
- Avoid contamination of thermistors surface during storage, handling and processing.
- Avoid storage of thermistor in harmful environments like corrosive gases (SO<sub>x</sub>, Cl etc).
- Solder thermistors after shipment from TDK Electronics within the time specified:
  - Lead components: 24 months

## Handling

- NTC inrush current limiters must not be dropped. Chip-offs must not be caused during handling of NTC inrush current limiters.
- Components must not be touched with bare hands. Gloves are recommended.
- Avoid contamination of thermistor surface during handling.
- In case of exposure of the NTC inrush current limiters to water, electrolytes or other aggressive media, these media can penetrate the coating and reach the surface of the ceramic. Low-ohmic or high-ohmic behavior may occur due to the formation of an electrolyte with metals (silver/lead/tin from metallization or solder). Low-ohmic behavior is caused by electrochemical migration, high-ohmic behavior by dissolving of the electrode. In either case, the functionality of the NTC inrush current limiters can not be assured.
- Washing processes may damage the product due to the possible static or cyclic mechanical loads (e.g. ultrasonic cleaning). They may cause cracks to develop on the product and its parts, which might lead to reduced reliability or lifetime.

## Bending / twisting leads

- A lead (wire) may be bent at a minimum distance of twice the wire's diameter plus 4 mm from the component head or housing. When bending ensure the wire is mechanically relieved at the component head or housing. The bending radius should be at least 0.75 mm.
- Twisting (torsion) by 180° of a lead bent by 90° is permissible at 6 mm from the bottom of the thermistor body.

## Soldering

- Use resin-type flux or non-activated flux.
- Insufficient preheating may cause ceramic cracks.
- Rapid cooling by dipping in solvent is not recommended.
- Complete removal of flux is recommended.



## Mounting

- When thermistors are sealed, potted or over-molded, there must be no mechanical stress caused by thermal expansion during the production process (curing/ over-molding process) and during later operation. The upper category temperature of the thermistor must not be exceeded. Ensure that the materials used (sealing / potting compound and plastic material) are chemically neutral.
- Electrode must not be scratched before/during/after the mounting process.
- Contacts and housings used for assembly with thermistor have to be clean before mounting.
- During operation, the inrush current limiters surface temperature can be very high. Ensure that adjacent components are placed at a sufficient distance from the thermistor to allow for proper cooling of the NTC inrush current limiters.
- Ensure that adjacent materials are designed for operation at temperatures comparable to the surface temperature of the thermistor. Be sure that surrounding parts and materials can withstand this temperature.
- Make sure that inrush current limiters are adequately ventilated to avoid overheating.
- Avoid contamination of thermistor surface during processing.

## Operation

- Use NTC inrush current limiters only within the specified operating temperature range.
- Use NTC inrush current limiters only within the specified voltage and current ranges.
- Environmental conditions must not harm the NTC inrush current limiters. Use NTC inrush current limiters only in normal atmospheric conditions.
- Contact of NTC inrush current limiters with any liquids and solvents should be prevented. It must be ensured that no water enters the NTC inrush current limiters (e.g. through plug terminals). For measurement purposes (checking the specified resistance vs. temperature), the component must not be immersed in water but in suitable liquids (e.g. Galden).
- In case of exposure of the NTC inrush current limiters to water, electrolytes or other aggressive media, these media can penetrate the coating and reach the surface of the ceramic. Low-ohmic or high-ohmic behavior may occur due to the formation of an electrolyte with metals (silver/lead/tin from metallization or solder). Low-ohmic behavior is caused by electrochemical migration, high-ohmic behavior by dissolving of the electrode. In either case, the functionality of the NTC inrush current limiters can not be assured.
- Be sure to provide an appropriate fail-safe function to prevent secondary product damage caused by malfunction (e.g. use a metal oxide varistor for limitation of overvoltage condition).

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The ordering code for one and the same product can be represented differently in data sheets, data books, other publications, on the company website, or in order-related documents such as shipping notes, order confirmations and product labels. **The varying representations of the ordering codes are due to different processes employed and do not affect the specifications of the respective products.** Detailed information can be found on the Internet under [www.tdk-electronics.tdk.com/orderingcodes](http://www.tdk-electronics.tdk.com/orderingcodes).

## Other related documents

Further information completing this data sheet is listed on the TDK website at <https://product.tdk.com/en/products/protection/current/ntc-limiter/index.html>

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## [Symbols and Terms](#)

## [Mounting Instructions](#)

## [Taping and Packing](#)

## [Climatic Conditions](#)

## [RoHS and SVHC/REACH Declaration](#)

## [Selection Guide](#)

## [Application Note](#)

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## Important notes

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