

Servo system / Current-output type

S28S500D24Z Series



[STANDARDS]

•UL508
•EN 62477-1

RoHS

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

Parameters	Symbol	Unit	Value	Remarks
Maximum Supply voltage	Vcc	V	± 25.2	Ta= - 40°C ~ +70°C
Primary conductor temperature	—	°C	100	Ta= - 40°C ~ +70°C

ISOLATION CHARACTERISTICS

Parameters	Symbol	Unit	Value	Remarks
Insulation voltage	Vd	—	AC4.0kV, for 1minute (Sensing current 0.5mA)	Primary ⇔ Secondary
Impulse withstand voltage	Vw	kV	6.0	EN62477-1:2012 Input waveform : • Front time 1.2μs • Time to half value 50μs • single
Insulation resistance	R _{IS}	M Ω	≥ 500M Ω (at DC500V)	Primary ⇔ Secondary
Clearance distance	d _{Cl}	mm	S28S500D15ZJ S28S500D15ZM min : 12.0 (min : 6.5)	Primary ⇔ Secondary Busbar ⇔ Connector/PWB
			S28S500D15Z min : 8.5 (min : 6.5)	
Creepage distance	d _{CP}	mm	S28S500D15ZJ S28S500D15ZM min : 12.0 (min : 8.2)	(Busbar ⇔ Connector/PWB @ Temporary, no filler.)
			S28S500D15Z min : 8.5 (min : 8.2)	
Case material	—	—	UL94 V-0	
Filler material	—	—	UL94 V-0	
Comparative Tracking Index ; (CTI)	Case	CTI	V	200 (Group IIIa)
	Filler	CTI	V	600 (Group I)

ENVIRONMENTAL AND MECHANICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Parameters	Symbol	Unit	Value			Remarks
			MIN	TYP	MAX	
Ambient operating temperature	T _A	°C	- 40	—	+ 70	
Ambient storage temperature	T _S	°C	- 40	—	+ 85	
Mass	m	g	—	260	—	

SPECIFICATIONS

T_A=+25°C, R_M=1Ω, V_{CC}=±24V

Parameters	Symbol	Unit	Value			Remarks
			MIN	TYP	MAX	
Primary nominal current	I _{PN}	Arms	—	± 500	—	T _a = -40°C ~ +70°C
Primary current, measuring range * 1	I _{PM}	Apeak	± 800	—	—	at T _a =+70°C, V _{CC} =25.2V, R _M =5ohm, t=4sec
Measuring resistance * 1	R _M	Ohm	0	—	—	at V _{CC} = ± 15 ~ ± 18V. See Fig1
Conversion ratio	K _N	—	—	1 : 5000	—	
Output current @I _{PN}	I _O	mA	—	100	—	I _O = I _{PN} / 5000. Without I _{of} .
Accuracy @I _{PN}	X	%	- 0.5	0.0	+ 0.5	at I _{PN} . Without I _{of} ..
Offset current * 2	I _{of}	mA	- 0.4	0.0	+ 0.4	at I _P = 0A.
Linearity error (0A ~ I _{PN}) * 2	ε _L	%	- 0.1	0.0	+ 0.1	
Hysteresis error	I _{OH}	mA	- 0.2	0.0	+ 0.2	at I _P = 0A → I _{PN} → 0A
Supply voltage	V _{CC}	V	± 14.3	± 24.0	± 25.2	
Consumption current	I _{CC}	mA	—	35	—	at V _{CC} = ± 24V, I _P = 0A. I _{CC} = 35+ I _P / 5000.
			—	26	—	at V _{CC} = ± 15V, I _P = 0A. I _{CC} = 26+ I _P / 5000.
Response time @90% of I _{PN} * 3	t _r	μs	—	—	1	di/dt=100A/μs
Frequency bandwidth (- 3dB) * 4	BW	kHz	—	150	—	at very low current
Temperature coefficient of I _{of} * 2	T _{cIof}	mA	- 0.4	0.0	+ 0.4	at I _P = 0A
Secondary coil resistance	R _s	Ohm	—	—	80	T _A = + 70°C

* 1 Current sensor has limited operating time depending on the measured resistance and maximum current.

Internal circuits can become corrupted if you used beyond the limited time.

* 2 Offset current is measured after removal of the hysteresis.

* 3 Measurement condition : Primary conductor cross sectional area is as same as through hole, and penetration with 1 turn in through hole.

* 4 High fundamental frequency primary current and/or harmonic current may result in excessive heating in magnetic core (Silicon steel).

STANDARDS



EN62477-1:2012, A12:2021

Application example

S28S500D24Z : Rated voltage 300V, CAT III , PD2, Reinforced isolation, non uniform field

S28S500D24ZM : Rated voltage 600V, CAT III , PD2, Reinforced isolation, non uniform field

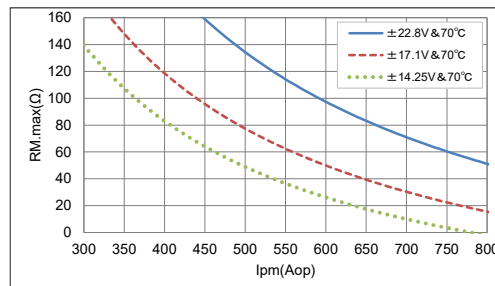
S28S500D24ZJ : Rated voltage 600V, CAT III , PD2, Reinforced isolation, non uniform field



UL508 (UL FILE No. E243511)

Rated voltage 600V, PD2

TYPICAL CHARACTERISTIC CURVES

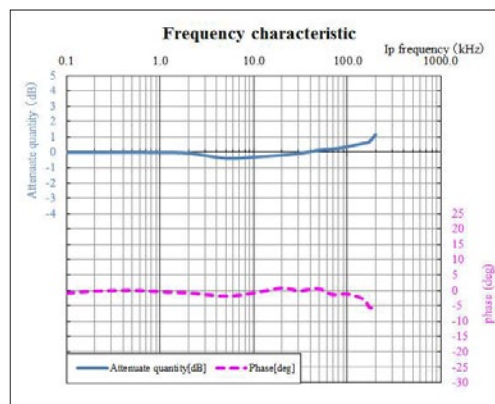


Minimum Measuring Resistance ($T_a=25^\circ\text{C}$)

$\pm 15\text{V}$	$0\ \Omega\sim$
$\pm 18\text{V}$	$0\ \Omega\sim$
$\pm 24\text{V}$	$5\ \Omega\sim$

Note. At $I_p = 800\text{ A}$, pulse operation is used.

Fig1. Maximum Measuring Resistance ($T_a=70^\circ\text{C}$)



Measurement conditions:

$T_a=+25^\circ\text{C}$, $R_M=100\ \Omega$, $I_p=3\text{A}\cdot 20\text{T}$, $V_{cc}=\pm 24\text{V}$

Fig2. Frequency response curve

CONNECTION

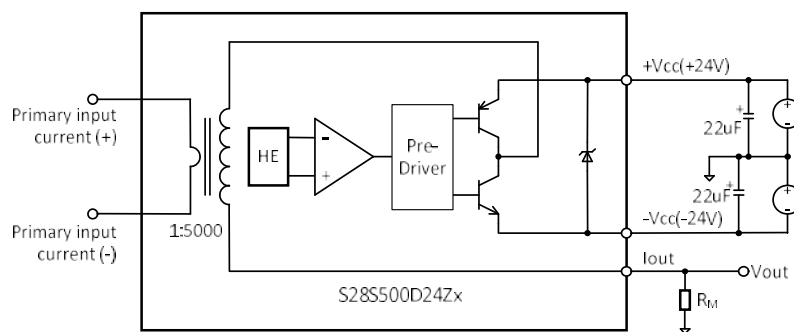
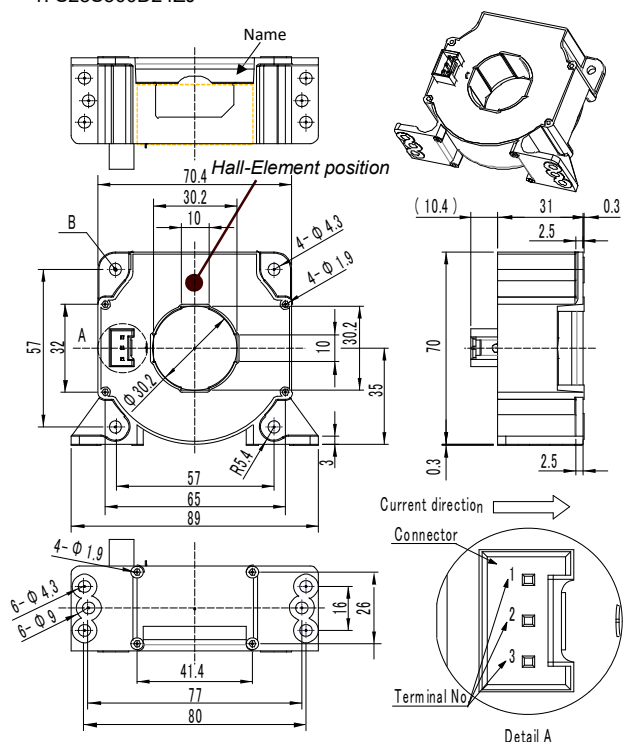


Fig3. Block diagram

DIMENSIONS (mm)

1. S28S500D24ZJ



Terminal No	
1	-Vcc(-24V)
2	lout
3	+Vcc(+24V)

Connector		
Maker	PartsNo.	Old parts No.
JST	BH3P-VH-1	-

Tolerance : ± 0.5

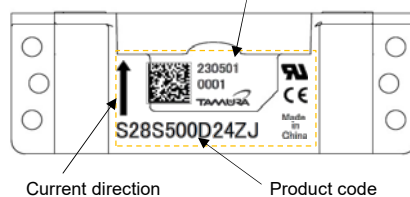
Unit : mm

B(all): The screw specification : M4

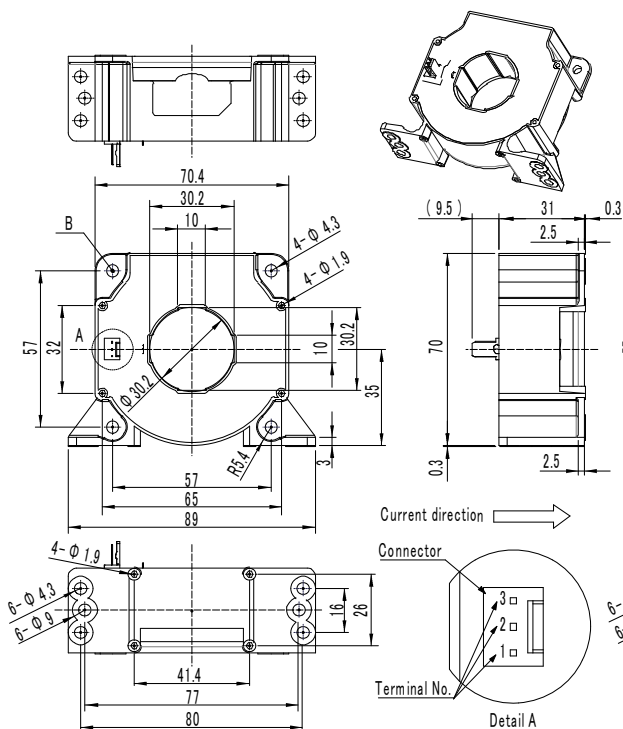
Recommended fastening torque: 1.5 N·m(15.3kgf·cm)

Example of Name Plate

Lot No. (6 figure) + Serial No. (4 figure)



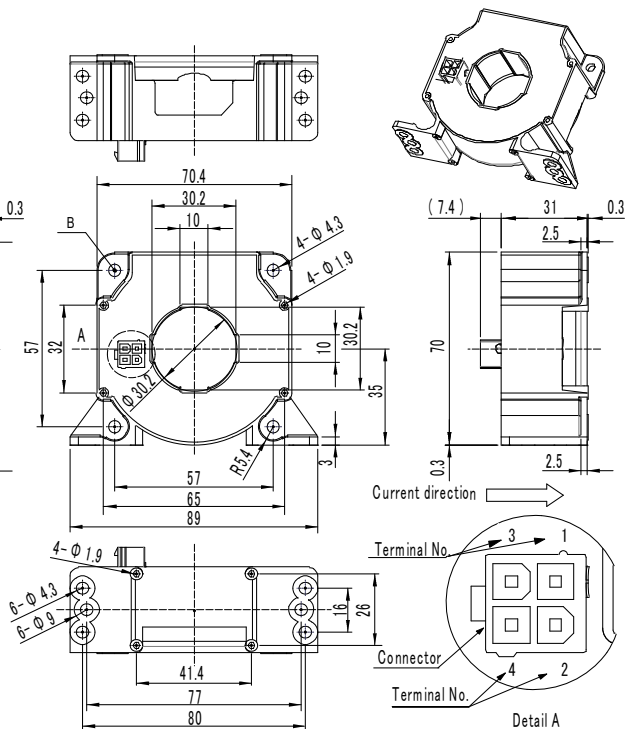
2. S28S500D24ZM



Terminal No	
1	+Vcc(+24V)
2	lout
3	-Vcc(-24V)

Connector		
Maker	PartsNo.	Old parts No.
Molex	38-00-6293	6410-03C(102)

3. S28S500D24Z



Terminal No	
1	NC
2	-Vcc(-24V)
3	Iout
4	+Vcc(+24V)

Connector		
Maker	PartsNo.	Old parts No.
Molex	39-28-8040	5566-04A-210

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Application notes

<General Considerations>

1. The sensor uses polar electronic components. When the polarity of the power supply is mistaken, the sensor is damaged.
2. Static electricity or excessive voltage can increase an offset voltage in the Hall element, and cause offset voltage to change. Please exercise care in handling and application.
3. In order to prevent the influence of noise, the use of twisted cable or shielded cable for the output line is recommended
4. If using this device within a magnetic field generated by other devices, the specified accuracy may not be obtainable.
5. Our products (several models are excluded) are adjusted with the trimming method by the measurement condition (Load resistance, Power supply voltage) of specification sheets. Therefore, characteristics (Offset, Output, etc.) and its deviation may be changed in different circuit conditions from the measurement condition. All change characteristic items are not indicated on specification sheets.
6. The performance of current sensors with through-hole (aperture) is dependent on the position of the primary conductor. Tamura specifications are based on a primary conductor completely filling the through-hole (aperture) area.
7. The current sensor rated current in DC Amps.
8. Please use mating connector with equivalent terminal plating material to insure proper operation and avoid possibility of 'galvanic corrosion' .
9. Please do not store in high-temperature and high-humidity storage environment. Please use it after confirming soldering when it is kept for six months or more. (product soldered with substrate)
10. We recommend performing a zero offset adjustment by measuring the offset voltage at startup. In continuously operation for a few months, or at change of ambient temperature or humidity is large, we recommend regularly performing a zero offset adjustment at being idling (it is clear that the current is not apply) .
11. The current sensor doesn't have built-in protection circuit (devices and fuses, etc.). As a failure mode of the sensor, there is a short circuit and open state. In the case of a short-circuit state, the abnormal temperature rise of the internal parts is assumed, and there is a possibility to smoke and to ignite. If it is used in safety critical circuit blocks, please take appropriate measures by protection devices, protection circuits, etc. For closed loop -type sensors and flux gate (closed loop type) sensors, the consumption current of the secondary power supply varies in proportion to the measurement current.

<Open loop>

1. High frequency primary current may result in excessive heating in iron magnetic core and cause damage to internal circuitry; for high frequency applications select current sensor with ferrite core material.
2. If the measured current exceeds the rated current, magnetic core saturation will occur and the output voltage signal will not be linearly proportional to the measured current.

<Closed Loop>

1. For closed loop current sensors please insure the power supply voltage is balanced, symmetrical, and, applied simultaneously to avoid potential increase in DC offset error.
2. Maximum rated current measurement duration is time dependent. Maximum rated current applied in excess of the time limit can result in damage to internal electronic circuitry; please consult Tamura for assistance.
3. When using a measurement resistor to convert current output to voltage output select a resistor with stable temperature characteristic to insure accuracy of the output voltage.
4. Compensation current supplied to the secondary winding varies in proportion to the measured current based on the conversion ratio. (If KN ; $KN = \text{secondary turns}$) Please insure the PSU has required current capacity to supply compensation current to the secondary winding.

<Flux-Gate>

1. Compensation current supplied to the secondary winding varies in proportion to the measured current. Please insure the PSU has required current capacity to supply compensation current to the secondary winding.
2. There is 450kHz ripple voltage present on the output and reference output voltage signals . An external capacitor maybe added if necessary.