# MOS INTEGRATED CIRCUIT $\mu PD30541$

# V<sub>R</sub>5432<sup>™</sup> 64-BIT MICROPROCESSOR

The  $\mu$ PD30541 (V<sub>R</sub>5432) is a member of the V<sub>R</sub> Series<sup>TM</sup> RISC (Reduced Instruction Set Computer) microprocessors. It is a high-performance 64-bit microprocessor employing the RISC architecture developed by MIPS<sup>TM</sup>.

The V $_{R}$ 5432 employs a 32-bit bus for the system interface and can operate with a protocol compatible to that of the V $_{R}$ 4300 Series<sup>TM</sup>.

For the detailed functional description and when designing your system, refer to the following manual: • VR5432 Preliminary User's Manual (U14011E)

#### FEATURES

NEC

- MIPS 64-bit RISC architecture
- High-speed operation processing
  - Dual-issue superscaler 5-stage pipeline
  - 6.6 SPECint95, 3.6 SPECfp95, 316 MIPS
- High-speed translation lookaside buffer (TLB) (48 entries)
- Address space Physical: 32 bits, Virtual: 40 bits
- Floating-point unit (FPU)
  - Supports sum-of-products instructions
- On-chip primary cache memory (instruction/data: 32 KB each)
- 32-bit address/data multiplexed bus
  - Operates with protocol compatible to VR4300 Series

#### **APPLICATIONS**

- Set-top-box
- Page printer controller
- Amusement machines, etc.

#### **ORDERING INFORMATION**

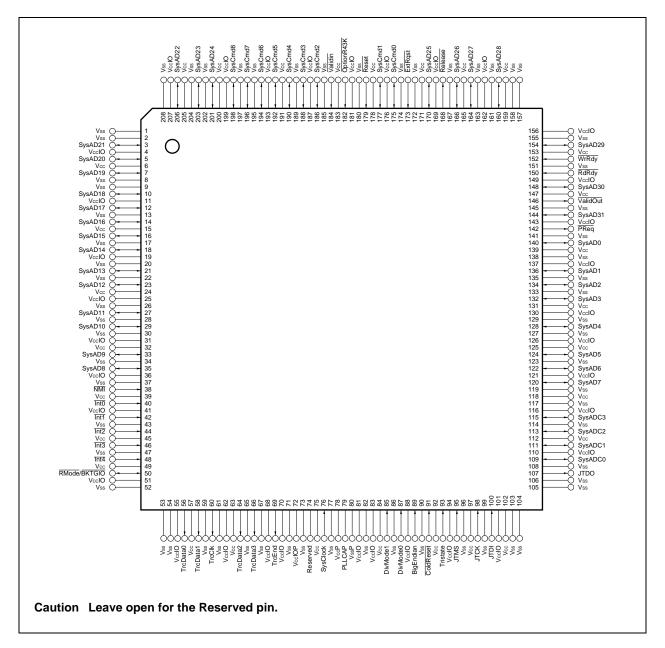
Part Number	Package	Maximum Operating Frequency (MHz)
μPD30541GD-167-WML	208-pin plastic QFP (fine pitch) (28 $ imes$ 28)	167

The information in this document is subject to change without notice. Before using this document, please confirm that this is the latest version. Not all devices/types available in every country. Please check with local NEC representative for availability and additional information.

- Maximum operating frequency
  Internal: 167 MHz, External: 83.3 MHz
  - External/internal multiple selectable from ×2 to ×4
- Conforms MIPS I, II, III, and IV instruction sets. Also supports multimedia instructions
- Supply voltage Core block: 2.5 V ±5%, I/O block: 3.3 V ±0.3 V

# PIN CONFIGURATION

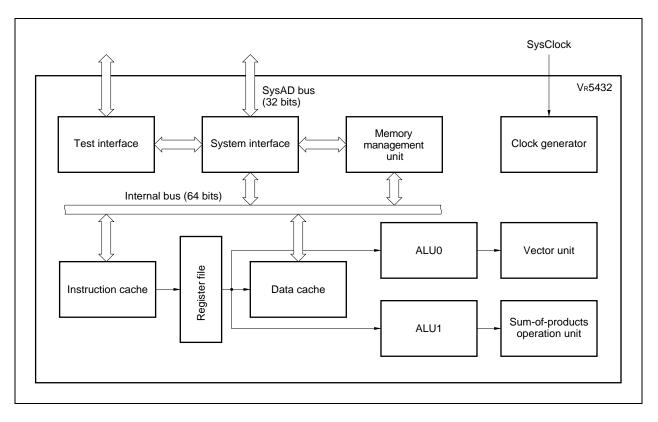
• 208-pin plastic QFP (fine pitch) (28  $\times$  28)  $\mu PD30541GD-167\text{-WML}$ 



# PIN NAMES

	Endian Mode Select
BigEndian: BKTGIO:	
	Break/Trigger I/O
ColdReset:	Cold Reset
DivMode (1:0):	Divide Mode
ExtRqst:	External Request
Int (4:0):	Interrupt Request
JTCK:	JTAG Clock
JTDI:	JTAG Data Input
JTDO:	JTAG Data Output
JTMS:	JTAG Mode Select
OptionR43K:	VR4300 <sup>™</sup> Mode Select
NMI:	Non-maskable Interrupt Request
PLLCAP:	PLL Capacitor
PReq:	Processor Request
RdRdy:	Read Ready
Release:	Release Interface
Reset:	Reset
Reserved:	Reserved
RMode:	Reset Mode
SysAD (31:0):	System Address/Data Bus
SysADC (3:0):	System Address/Data Check Bus
SysClock:	System Clock
SysCmd (8:0):	System Command/Data Identifier
TrcClk:	Trace Clock
TrcData (3:0):	Trace Data
TrcEnd:	Trace End
Tristate:	3-state
ValidIn:	Valid Input
ValidOut:	Valid Output
Vcc:	Power Supply for Processor Core
VccIO:	Power Supply for Processor I/O
VccIOP:	Quiet VccIO for PLL
VccP:	Quiet Vcc for PLL
Vss:	Ground
VssP:	Quiet Vss for PLL
WrRdy:	Write Ready
-	-

# INTERNAL BLOCK DIAGRAM



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# **1. PIN FUNCTIONS**

Caution The functions of some pins change depending on the status of the OptionR43K signal. If this signal is low, the signal names same as those of the VR4300 Series are used because these pins have functions compatible to those of the VR4300 Series.

Pin Name	I/O	OptionR43K Signal	Signal Name	Function
SysAD (31:0)	I/O	High level/low level	SysAD (31:0)	System address/data bus A 32-bit bus for communication between the processor and external agent
SysADC (3:0)	I/O	High level	SysADC (3:0)	System address/data check bus A parity bus for SysAD bus
		Low level	-	Not used
SysCmd (8:0)	I/O	High level	SysCmd (8:0)	System command/data ID bus A 9-bit bus that transfers commands and data identifiers between the processor and external agent
		Low level	SysCmd (4:0) (SysCmd (8:5) are not used.)	System command/data ID bus A 5-bit bus that transfers commands and data identifiers between the processor and external agent
ValidIn	Input	High level	ValidIn	Valid In A signal indicating that the external agent is driving a valid address or data onto the SysAD bus, and a valid command or data identifier onto the SysCmd bus
		Low level	EValid	External valid A signal indicating that the external agent is driving a valid address or data onto the SysAD bus, and a valid command or data identifier onto the SysCmd bus
ValidOut	Output	High level	ValidOut	Valid out A signal indicating that the processor is driving a valid address or data onto the SysAD bus, and a valid command or data identifier onto the SysCmd bus
		Low level	PValid	Processor valid A signal indicating that the processor is driving a valid address or data onto the SysAD bus, and a valid command or data identifier onto the SysCmd bus
ExtRqst	Input	High level	ExtRqst	External request A signal allowing the external agent to request the right to use the system interface
		Low level	EReq	External request A signal allowing the external agent to request the right to use the system interface

Pin Name	I/O	OptionR43K Signal	Signal Name	Function
Release	Output	High level	Release	Releases interface A signal indicating that the processor releases the system interface to a slave state
		Low level	PMaster	Processor master A signal indicating that the processor has a right to control the system interface
PReq	Output	High level	PReq	Processor request A signal indicating that the processor has a request that is pending
		Low level	PReq	Processor request A signal allowing the processor to request the right to use the system interface
WrRdy	Input	High level	WrRdy	Write ready A signal indicating that the external agent is ready to accept a processor write request
		Low level	EOK	External OK A signal indicating that the external agent is ready to accept a processor read/write request
RdRdy	Input	High level	RdRdy	Read ready A signal indicating that the external agent is ready to accept a processor read request
		Low level	_	Not used
SysClock	Input	High level	SysClock	System clock Clock input to the processor
		Low level	MasterClock	Master clock Clock input to the processor
Int (4:0)	Input	High level/low level	Int (4:0)	Interrupts These are general-purpose processor interrupt requests. The input states can be checked by bits 14 to 10 of the Cause register.
NMI	Input	High level/low level	NMI	Non-maskable interrupt This is the non-maskable interrupt request.
ColdReset	Input	High level/low level	ColdReset	Cold reset This signal completely initializes the internal status of the processor. Deassert it in synchronization with SysClock.
Reset	Input	High level/low level	Reset	Reset This signal logically initializes the internal status of the processor. Deassert it in synchronization with SysClock.

				(3/4)
Pin Name	I/O	OptionR43K Signal	Signal Name	Function
OptionR43K	Input	_	OptionR43K	<ul> <li>VR4300 mode</li> <li>Assert this signal when the system interface of the</li> <li>VR5432 operates with a protocol compatible to the</li> <li>VR4300 Series.</li> <li>Set the input level of this signal before the power-on</li> <li>reset. Make sure that the level of this signal does not</li> <li>change while the VR5432 is operating.</li> </ul>
DivMode (1:0)	Input	High level/low level	DivMode (1:0)	Division mode These signals set the division ratio of PClock and SysClock as follows: 11: 4:1 10: 3:1 01: 5:2 00: 2:1 Set the input levels of these signals before the power-on reset. Make sure that the levels of these signals do not change while the Vrs5432 operates.
BigEndian	Input	High level/low level	BigEndian	Endian mode This signal sets a byte ordering for addressing. A big endian mode is selected when this signal is active; a little endian mode is selected when it is inactive. Set the input level of this signal before the power-on reset. Make sure that the level of this signal does not change while the VR5432 is operating.
TrcData (3:0)	Output	High level/low level	TrcData (3:0)	Trace data Data output by the test interface
TrcEnd	Output	High level/low level	TrcEnd	Trace end A signal indicates the end of a trace data packet.
TrcClk	Output	High level/low level	TrcClk	Trace clock Clock for the test interface. The same clock as SysClock is output.
RMode/BKTGIO	I/O	High level/low level	RMode/BKTGIO	Reset mode/break trigger I/O This signal serves as a debug reset input signal on Cold Reset. It serves as a break or trigger I/O signal during normal operation.
Tristate	Input	High level/low level	Tristate	3-state This signal sets all output signals to a high- impedance state.
JTDI	Input	High level/low level	JTDI	JTAG data input Serial data input for JTAG
JTDO	Output	High level/low level	JTDO	JTAG data output Serial data output for JTAG

				(4/4)
Pin Name	I/O	OptionR43K Signal	Signal Name	Function
JTMS	Input	High level/low level	JTMS	JTAG mode select This signal selects a JTAG test mode.
JTCK	Input	High level/low level	ЈТСК	JTAG clock input Serial clock input for JTAG
PLLCAP	_	High level/low level	PLLCAP	PLL capacitor Connect a capacitor to this pin to adjust the internal PLL.
VccP	-	High level/low level	VccP	PLL Vcc This pin supplies 2.5 V to the internal PLL.
VccIOP	-	High level/low level	VccIOP	PLL VccIO This pin supplies 3.3 V to the internal PLL.
VssP	-	High level/low level	VssP	PLL Vss This is the ground pin of the internal PLL.
Vcc	_	High level/low level	Vcc	Power supply pin for core
VccIO	-	High level/low level	VccIO	Power supply pin for I/O
Vss	-	High level/low level	Vss	Ground pin

# 2. ELECTRICAL SPECIFICATIONS

#### **Absolute Maximum Ratings**

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Ratings	Unit
Supply voltage	VccIO		-0.5 to +4.0	V
	VccIOP		-0.5 to +4.0	V
	Vcc		–0.5 to +3.0	V
	VccP		–0.5 to +3.0	V
Input voltage <sup>Note</sup>	Vı		-0.5 to VccIO + 0.3	V
		Pulse of less than 10 ns	-1.5 to VccIO + 0.3	V
Operating case temperature	Tc		–10 to +85	°C
Storage temperature	Tstg		-65 to +150	°C

**Note** The upper-limit input voltage (VccIO + 0.3) is +4.0 V.

Cautions 1. Do not short-circuit two or more outputs at the same time.

2. Product quality may suffer if the absolute maximum rating is exceeded even momentarily for any parameter. That is, the absolute maximum ratings are rated values at which the product is on the verge of suffering physical damage, and therefore the product must be used under conditions that ensure that the absolute maximum ratings are not exceeded.

The specifications and conditions shown in the following DC Characteristics and AC Characteristics sections are the ranges within which the product can normally operate and the quality can be guaranteed.

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	MIN.	MAX.	Unit
High-level output voltage	Vон	VccIO = MIN., Iон = -4 mA	2.4		V
Low-level output voltage	Vol	VccIO = MIN., Io∟ = 4 mA		0.4	V
High-level input voltage <sup>Note 1</sup>	Vih		2.0	VccIO + 0.3	V
Low-level input voltage <sup>Note 1</sup>	VIL		-0.5	+0.8	V
		Pulse of less than 10 ns	-1.5	+0.8	V
High-level input voltage <sup>Note 2</sup>	Vінс		0.8  imes VccIO	VccIO + 0.3	V
Low-level input voltage <sup>Note 2</sup>	VILC		-0.5	0.2  imes VccIO	V
		Pulse of less than 10 ns	-1.5	0.2  imes VccIO	V
Supply current	Icc	During internal operation at 167 MHz,		0.75	А
	IccIO	VccIO = VccIOP = 3.3 V, Vcc = VccP = 2.5 V		0.15	А
Power consumption	Pd	During internal operation at 167 MHz,		2.0	W
	PdIO	VccIO = VccIOP = 3.3 V, Vcc = VccP = 2.5 V		0.5	W
High-level input leakage current	Іцн	Vi = VccIO		5.0	μA
Low-level input leakage current	ILIL	Vi = 0 V		-5.0	μA
High-level output leakage current	Ігон	Vo = VccIO		5.0	μA
Low-level output leakage current	Ilol	Vo = 0 V		-5.0	μA

Notes 1. Not applied to the SysClock pin.

**2.** Applied to the SysClock pin only.

**Remark** The supply current during operation is almost proportional to the operating clock frequency.

#### Power-On Sequence

The VR5432 uses two systems of power supplies. These power supplies can be turned on any sequence. However, make sure that one power supply is not turned on for 10 ms or longer while the other power supply is turned off.

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	MIN.	MAX.	Unit
Power-on delay	tDF		0	10	ms

#### Capacitance (T<sub>A</sub> = 25 °C, VccIO = VccIOP = Vcc = VccP = 0 V)

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	MIN.	MAX.	Unit
Input capacitance	CIN	fc = 1 MHz		5.0	pF
Output capacitance	Соит	Pins other than tested pin: 0 V		7.0	pF

#### AC Characteristics (Tc = -10 to +85 °C, VccIO = VccIOP = 3.3 ±0.3 V, Vcc = VccP = 2.5 V ±5%)

#### **Clock parameter**

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	MIN.	MAX.	Unit
System clock high-level width	tсн		3.0		ns
System clock low-level width	tc∟		3.0		ns
System clock frequency Note		DivMode = 2:1	41.7	83.3	MHz
		DivMode = 5:2	33.3	66.6	MHz
		DivMode = 3:1	27.7	55.5	MHz
		DivMode = 4:1	20.8	41.6	MHz
System clock cycle	tcp	DivMode = 2:1	12	24	ns
		DivMode = 5:2	15	30	ns
		DivMode = 3:1	18	36	ns
		DivMode = 4:1	24	48	ns
System clock jitter	tJ			±250	ps
System clock rise time	tcr			2.0	ns
System clock fall time	tcr			2.0	ns
JTAG clock frequency				33	MHz

Note This is the frequency at which the operation of the internal PLL is guaranteed.

**Remark** The JTAG clock runs asynchronously to the system clock.

#### System interface parameter

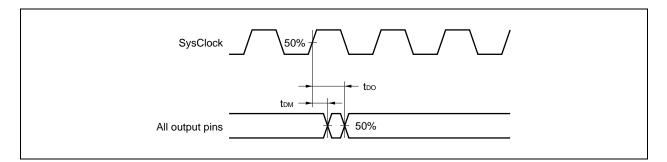
Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	MIN.	MAX.	Unit
Data output hold time	tом		1.0		ns
Data output delay time	too			5.0	ns
Data input setup time	tos		2.0		ns
Data input hold time	tрн		1.5		ns

#### Load coefficient

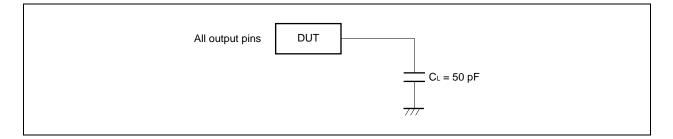
Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	MIN.	MAX.	Unit
Load coefficient	CLD			1.0	ns/25 pF

# **Measurement Conditions**

#### Measurement point

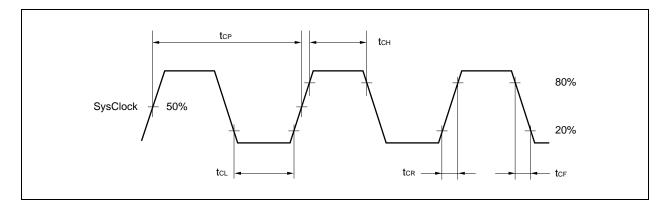


#### Load condition

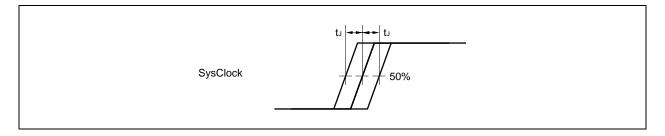


# **Timing Charts**

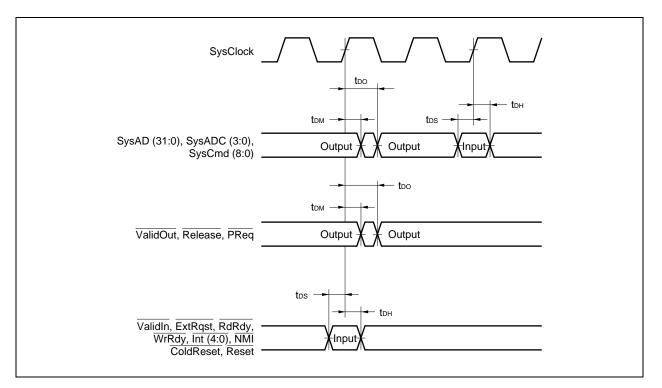
#### **Clock timing**



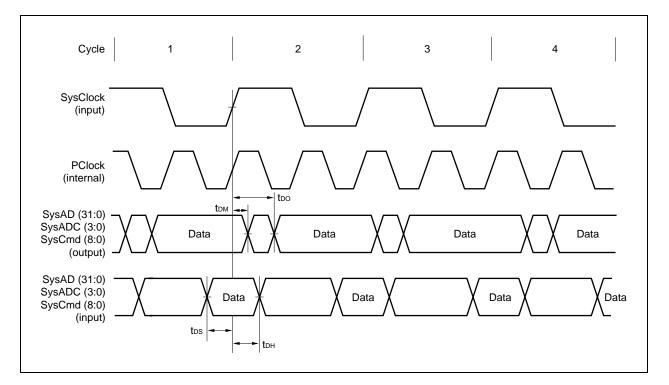
#### **Clock jitter**



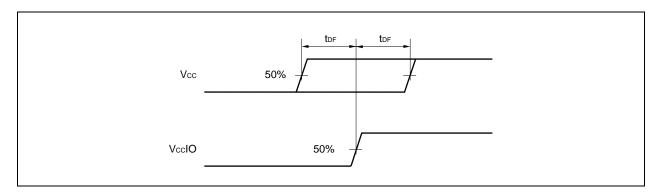
#### System interface edge timing



#### Clock relations (DivMode = 2:1)

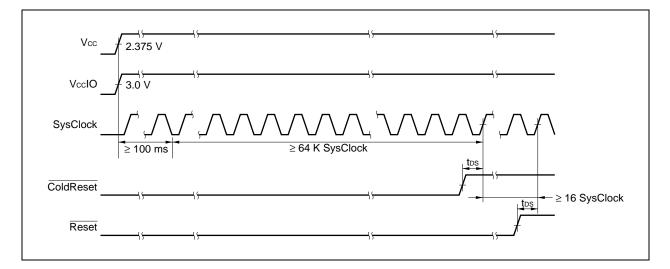


#### Power-on sequence

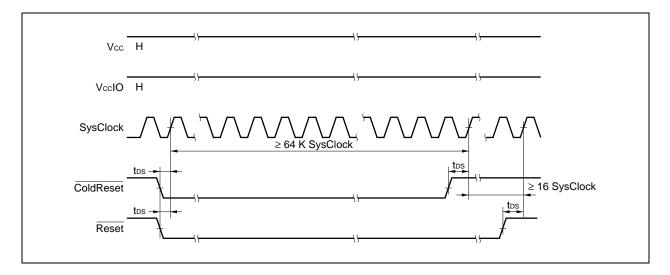


# **Reset Timing**

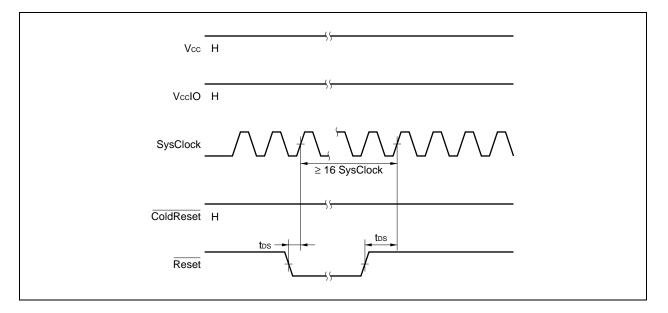
# Power-on reset timing



#### **Cold Reset timing**

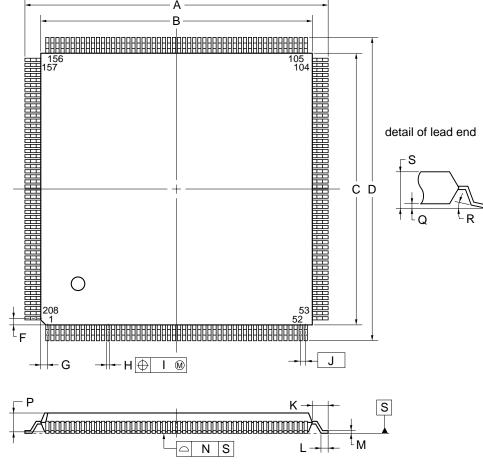


# Warm Reset timing



# 3. PACKAGE DRAWING

# 208-PIN PLASTIC QFP (FINE PITCH) (28x28)



#### NOTE

Each lead centerline is located within 0.10 mm of its true position (T.P.) at maximum material condition.

ITEM	MILLIMETERS
А	30.6±0.2
В	28.0±0.2
С	28.0±0.2
D	30.6±0.2
F	1.25
G	1.25
Н	$0.22\substack{+0.05 \\ -0.04}$
I	0.10
J	0.5 (T.P.)
К	1.3±0.2
L	0.5±0.2
М	$0.17\substack{+0.03 \\ -0.07}$
N	0.10
Р	3.2±0.1
Q	0.4±0.1
R	5°±5°
S	3.8 MAX.
-50-1 MI	MMI SMI WMI-7

# 4. RECOMMENDED SOLDERING CONDITIONS

This product should be soldered and mounted under the following recommended conditions.

For details of the recommended soldering conditions, refer to the **Semiconductor Device Mounting Technology** Manual (C10535E).

For soldering methods and conditions other than those recommended below, contact an NEC sales representative.

#### Table 4-1. Surface-Mount Technology Type Soldering Conditions

#### $\mu$ PD30541GD-167-WML: 208-pin plastic QFP (fine pitch) (28 × 28)

Soldering Method	Soldering Conditions	Recommended Condition Symbol
Infrared reflow	Package peak temperature: 235 °C, Time: 30 seconds MAX. (at 210 °C or higher), Count: Three times or less, Exposure limit: 7 days (after that, prebake at 125 °C for 36 to 72 hours)	IR35-367-3
Partial heating	Pin temperature: 300 °C MAX., Time: 3 seconds MAX. (per pin row)	-

Note After opening the dry pack, store it at 25 °C or less and 65% RH or less for the allowable storage period.

# APPENDIX DIFFERENCES AMONG VR5432, VR5000<sup>™</sup>, AND VR4310<sup>™</sup>

Item		Vr5432	Vr5000	VR4310	
Maximum	Internal	167 MHz	200 MHz	167 MHz	
operating frequency	External	83.3 MHz	100 MHz	83.3 MHz	
Pipeline		2-way superscaler 5-sta	age pipeline	5-stage pipeline	
Cache	Primary instruction cache	32 KB		16 KB	
	Primary data cache	32 KB		8 KB	
	Secondary cache interface	None	Provided	None	
	Data protection	Byte parity/none	Byte parity	None	
System bus	Bus width	32 bits	64 bits	32 bits	
	Data protection	Byte parity/none	Byte parity	None	
	Status after last data write	Completes access./Holds last data on setting of transfer rate.	Completes access.	Holds last data on setting of transfer rate.	
Pins for initial setting at reset		DivMode (1:0), BigEndian, OptionR43K	ModeIn (dedicated serial pin)	DivMode (2:0)	
Instruction set		MIPS I, II, III, IV + multimedia + sum-of- products operation	MIPS I, II, III, IV	MIPS I, II, III	
Branch prediction mechanism		Provided	None		
Hardware debug function		JTAG, N-Wire	None	JTAG	
SyncOut-SyncIn path		None		Provided	
Clock interface	Input vs. internal multiple	2, 2.5, 3, 4	2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8	2, 2.5, 3, 4, 5, 6	
	Input vs. bus division ratio	2, 2.5, 3, 4 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8		2, 2.5, 3, 4, 5, 6	
	Clock output	None		TClock	
Power management mode		None	Standby mode	None	
PRId register		Imp = 0x54	Imp = 0x23	Imp = 0x0B	

[MEMO]

#### NOTES FOR CMOS DEVICES -

#### **1** PRECAUTION AGAINST ESD FOR SEMICONDUCTORS

#### Note:

Strong electric field, when exposed to a MOS device, can cause destruction of the gate oxide and ultimately degrade the device operation. Steps must be taken to stop generation of static electricity as much as possible, and quickly dissipate it once, when it has occurred. Environmental control must be adequate. When it is dry, humidifier should be used. It is recommended to avoid using insulators that easily build static electricity. Semiconductor devices must be stored and transported in an anti-static container, static shielding bag or conductive material. All test and measurement tools including work bench and floor should be grounded. The operator should be grounded using wrist strap. Semiconductor devices must not be touched with bare hands. Similar precautions need to be taken for PW boards with semiconductor devices on it.

#### (2) HANDLING OF UNUSED INPUT PINS FOR CMOS

Note:

No connection for CMOS device inputs can be cause of malfunction. If no connection is provided to the input pins, it is possible that an internal input level may be generated due to noise, etc., hence causing malfunction. CMOS devices behave differently than Bipolar or NMOS devices. Input levels of CMOS devices must be fixed high or low by using a pull-up or pull-down circuitry. Each unused pin should be connected to VDD or GND with a resistor, if it is considered to have a possibility of being an output pin. All handling related to the unused pins must be judged device by device and related specifications governing the devices.

# **③** STATUS BEFORE INITIALIZATION OF MOS DEVICES

Note:

Power-on does not necessarily define initial status of MOS device. Production process of MOS does not define the initial operation status of the device. Immediately after the power source is turned ON, the devices with reset function have not yet been initialized. Hence, power-on does not guarantee out-pin levels, I/O settings or contents of registers. Device is not initialized until the reset signal is received. Reset operation must be executed immediately after power-on for devices having reset function.

Reference document Electrical Characteristics for Microcomputer (IEI-601)<sup>Note</sup>

Note This document number is that of Japanese version.

The related documents in this publication may include preliminary versions. However, preliminary versions are not marked as such.

# **Regional Information**

Some information contained in this document may vary from country to country. Before using any NEC product in your application, please contact the NEC office in your country to obtain a list of authorized representatives and distributors. They will verify:

- · Device availability
- Ordering information
- Product release schedule
- · Availability of related technical literature
- Development environment specifications (for example, specifications for third-party tools and components, host computers, power plugs, AC supply voltages, and so forth)
- Network requirements

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