



Photointerrupter

Product Data Sheet

LTH-306-01

Spec No.: DS-55-93-0002

Effective Date: 06/29/2000

Revision: -

LITE-ON DCC

RELEASE

BNS-OD-FC001/A4

LITE-ON Technology Corp. / Optoelectronics

No.90,Chien 1 Road, Chung Ho, New Taipei City 23585, Taiwan, R.O.C.

Tel: 886-2-2222-6181 Fax: 886-2-2221-1948 / 886-2-2221-0660

<http://www.liteon.com/opto>

**ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS AT T_A=25°C**

PARAMETER	MAXIMUM RATING	UNIT
IR Diode Continuous Forward Current	60	mA
IR Diode Reverse Voltage	5	V
Transistor Collector Current	20	mA
Transistor Power Dissipation	75	mW
IR Diode Peak Forward Current (Pulse Wide = 10 μ S, 300 pps)	1	A
Diode Power Dissipation	100	mW
Phototransistor Collector-Emitter Voltage	30	V
Phototransistor Emitter-Collector Voltage	5	V
Operating Temperature Range	-25°C to + 85°C	
Storage Temperature Range	-40°C to + 100°C	
Lead Soldering Temperature [1.6mm(.063") From Case]	260°C for 5 Seconds	

**ELECTRICAL OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS AT TA=25°C**

PARAMETER		SYMBOL	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT	TEST CONDITION
INPUT LED							
Forward Voltage		VF		1.2	1.6	V	IF = 20mA
Reverse Current		IR			100	μA	VR=5V
OUTPUT PHOTOTRANSISTOR							
Collector-Emitter Breakdown Voltage		V(BR)CEO	30			V	IC=1mA
Emitter-Collector Breakdown Voltage		V(BR)ECO	5			V	IE=100 μA
Collector-Emitter Dark Current		ICEO			100	nA	VCE=10V
COUPLER							
Collector-Emitter Saturation Voltage		VCE(SAT)			0.4	V	IC=2.5mA IF=20mA
On State Collector Current		Ic(ON)	5.0			mA	VCE=5V IF=20mA
Response Time	Rise Time	tr		3	15	μS	VCE=5V, Ic=2mA RL=100Ω
	Fall Time	tf		4	20		

TYPICAL ELECTRICAL / OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS CURVES

(25°C Ambient Temperature Unless Otherwise Noted)

Fig.1 Power Dissipation vs. Ambient Temperature

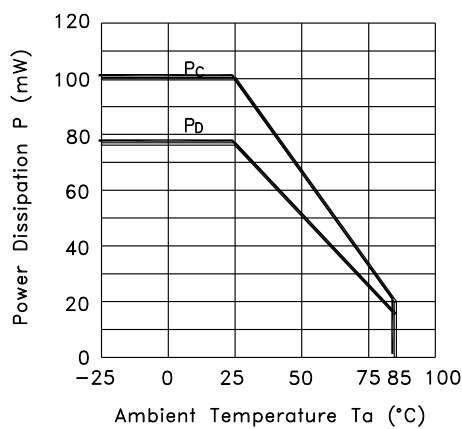


Fig.2 Forward Current vs. Forward Voltage

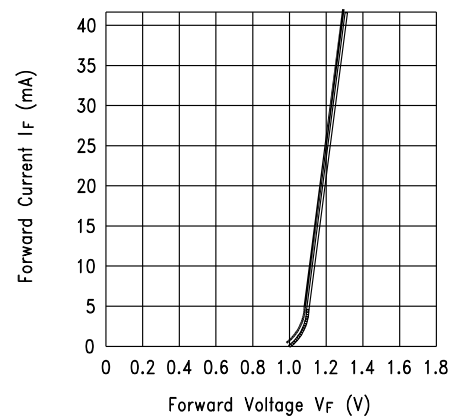


Fig.3 Collector Current vs. Collector-emitter Voltage

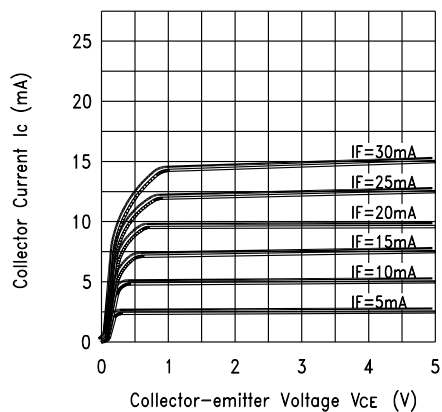
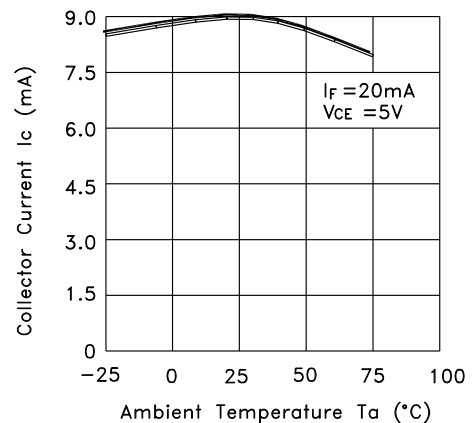


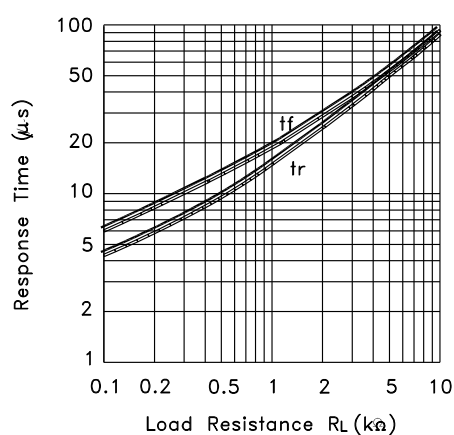
Fig.4 Collector Current vs. Ambient Temperature



TYPICAL ELECTRICAL / OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS CURVES

(25°C Ambient Temperature Unless Otherwise Noted)

Fig.5 Response Time vs.
Load Resistance



Test Circuit for Response Time

