

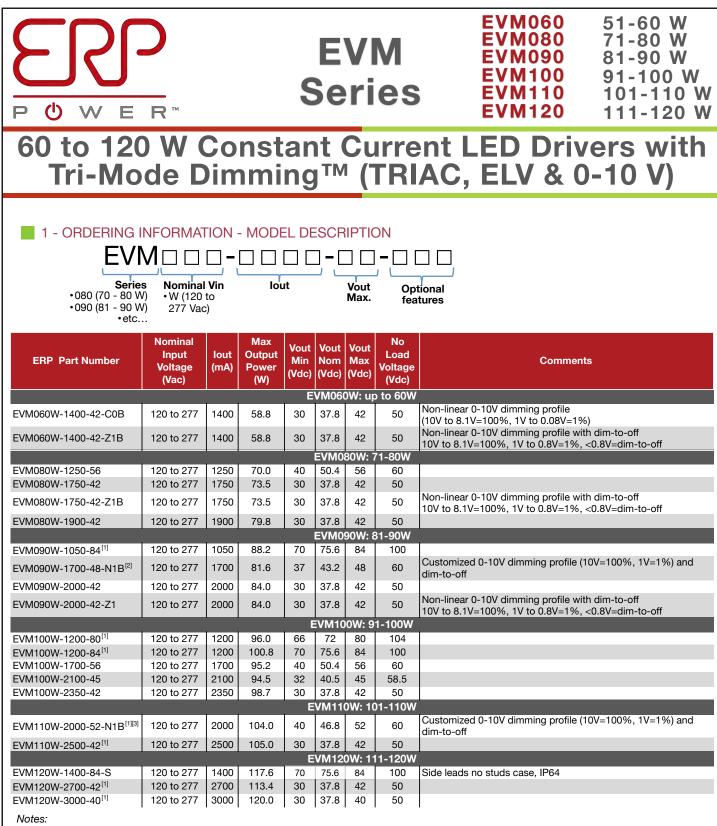
- 90°C maximum case hot spot temperature
- Class 2 power supply (only some models)
- IP20-rated Bottom Leads with Studs metal case with silicone-based potting. Optional IP64 metal case with side leads
- Protections: output open load, over-current and shortcircuit (hiccup), and over-temperature with auto recovery
- Conducted and radiated EMI: Compliant with FCC CFR Title 47 Part 15 Class B (120 Vac) and Class A (277 Vac)
- Complies with ENERGY STAR® luminaire specification and DLC (Design Light Consortium®) technical requirements
- Worldwide safety approvals



- APPLICATIONS
- High Bay Lights
- Industrial LED Lighting
- Metal Halide replacement
- Tunnels and street lighting
- Outdoor LED Lighting
- Wide-area downlights
- Suitable for driving high current COB LEDs such as Cree's CXA3050/3070/3590, Bridgelux' Vero series and modules such as Cree's LMH2 6000/8000

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•(1) Not class 2.

•(2)The EVM090W-1700-48-N1B is specifically intended to drive the Cree LMH2 6000 module and exhibits a customized 0-10V dimming transfer function.

•(3) The EVM110W-2000-52-N1B is specifically intended to drive the Cree LMH2 8000 module and exhibits a customized 0-10V dimming transfer function.

•For additional options of output current and output voltage, contact your sales representative or send an email to: SaveEnergy@ERP-Power.com

51-60 W **EVM060** EVM080 71-80 W EVM **EVM**090 81-90 W **EVM100** 91-100 W Series **EVM110** 101-110 W P **(**) W E R TM **EVM120** 111-120 W

60 to 120 W Constant Current LED Drivers with Tri-Mode Dimming[™] (TRIAC, ELV & 0-10 V)

2 - INPUT SPECIFICATION (@25°C ambient temperature) Units Minimum Typical Maximum Notes The rated output current for each model is **AC Line Input Voltage** 120, 230, Vac 90 305 achieved at Vin \geq 108 Vac and at Vin \geq 198 Vac, Range (Vin) 277 at nominal load. **Input Frequency Range** 60 / 50 Hz 47 63 1.5 A @ 120 VAC Input Current (lin) 0.8 A @ 230 VAC А 0.7 A @ 277 VAC **Power Factor (PF)** 0.9 > 0.9 At nominal input voltage At any point on the sine wave and 25°C Inrush Current А Meets NEMA-410 requirements 250 µA @ 120 Vac Leakage Current 500 µA @ 230 Vac Measured per IEC60950-1 μΑ 600 uA @ 277 Vac Input Harmonics Complies with IEC61000-3-2 for Class C equipment •At nominal input voltage and nominal LED load **Total Harmonics** 20% •Complies with DLC (DesignLight Consortium) Distortion (THD) technical requirements 87% •At 120 Vac Efficiency 89% •At 277 Vac The AC input to the main DC output is isolated and meets Class II reinforced/double insulation Isolation power supply

3 - OUTPUT SPECIFICATION (@25°C ambient temperature)

	Units	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Notes
Output Voltage (Vout)	Vdc	30		84.0	See ordering information for details
Output Current (lout)	A	1.05		 See ordering information for details The rated output current for each model is achieved at Vin ≥ 108 Vac and a Vac, at nominal load. 	
Output Current Regulation	%	-5		+5	Includes AC line voltage, load, and current set point variations
Output Current Overshoot	%	-	-	10	The driver does not operate outside of the regulation requirements for more than 500 ms during power on with nominal LED load and without dimmer.
Ripple Current	< 25% peak-to-peak of rated output current		ed output	 Measured at nominal LED voltage and nominal input voltage without dimming. Calculated in accordance with the IES Lighting Handbook, 9th edition. 	
Dimming Range (% of lout)	%	1		100	 The dimming range is dependent on each specific dimmer. It may not be able to achieve 1% dimming with some dimmers. Dimming performance is optimal when the driver is operated at its nominal output voltage matching the LED nominal Vf (forward voltage). Dimming performance may vary when the driver is operated near its minimum output voltage.
Start-up Time	ms	400		400	 Measured from application of AC line voltage to the time where light is visible (about 10% of rated output current)
	1115			500	Measured from application of AC line voltage to 100% light output Complies with California Title 24 and ENERGY STAR® luminaire specification

EVM060 51-60 W EVM080 71-80 W Series 81-90 W 91-100 W 101-110 W 111-120 W 111-120 W

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4 - 0-10 V DIMMING CONTROL (@25°C ambient temperature)

	Units	Minimum	Typical Maximu	n Notes		
+Dim Signal, -Dim Signal	The EVM series operate only with 0-10V dimmers that sink current. The method to dim the output current of the drived done via the +Dim/-Dim Signal pins. The +Dim/-Dim signal pins can be used to adjust the output setting via a stand commercial wall dimmer, an external control voltage source (0 to 10 Vdc), or a variable resistor when using recommended number of LEDs. The dimming input permits 1% to 100% dimming.					
Dimming Range (% of lout)	%	1	100	 The dimming range is dependent on each specific dimmer. It may not be able to achieve 1% dimming with some dimmers. Dimming performance is optimal when the driver is operated at its nominal output voltage matching the LED nominal Vf (forward voltage). Dimming performance may vary when the driver is operated near its minimum output voltage. 		
Current Supplied by the +Dim Signal Pin	mA		1			
Output Current Tolerance While Being Dimmed	%		±8	The tolerance of the output current while being dimmed is \leq +/-8% until down to 1V.		
Isolation	The 0-10 V circuit is isolated from the AC input and meets Class II reinforced/double insulation power supply.					

5 - ENVIRONMENTAL CONDITIONS

	Units	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Notes
Operating Case Temperature (Tc)	°C	-30		70	Case temperature measured at the hot spot •tc (see label in page 11)
Maximum Case Temperature (Tc)					Case temperature measured at the hot spot •tc (see label in page 11)
Storage Temperature	°C			90	
Humidity	%	5	-	95	Non-condensing
Cooling					
Acoustic Noise	dBA			22	Measured at a distance of 1 foot (30 cm) without and with approved dimmers
Mechanical Shock Protection	per EN60068-2-27				
Vibration Protection	per EN60068-2-6 & EN60068-2-64				
MTBF	> 300,000 hours when operated at nominal input and output conditions, and at Tc \leq 70°C				
Lifetime (see graphs "Lifetime vs. Case and Ambient Temperature" in section 8)	50,000 hours at 70°C maximum case hot spot temperature (see hot spot •tc on label in page 11)				

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Tri-Mode Dimming™ (TRIAC, ELV & 0-10 V)

6 - EMC COMPLIANCE AND SAFETY APPROVALS EMC Compliance

Conducted and	Radiated EMI	FCC CFR Title	47 Part 15 Class B at 120 Vac and Class A at 277 Vac		
Harmonic Current Emissions		IEC61000-3-2	For Class C equipment		
Voltage Fluctuations & Flicker		IEC61000-3-3			
ESD (Electrostatic Discharge)		IEC61000-4-2	6 kV contact discharge, 8 kV air discharge, level 3		
	BE Electromagnetic		3 V/m, 80 - 1000 MHz, 80% modulated at a distance of 3 meters		
Immunity	Electrical Fast Transient	IEC61000-4-4	\pm 2 kV on AC power port for 1 minute, ± 1 kV on signal/control lines		
Compliance	Surge	IEC61000-4-5	\pm 3 kV line to line (differential mode) /± 6 kV line to common mode ground (tested to secondary ground) on on AC power port, ±0.5 kV for outdoor cables		
		ANSI/IEEE c62.41.1-2002 & c62.41.2-2002 category A, 2.5 kV ring wave			
	Conducted RF Disturbances	IEC61000-4-6	3 V, 0.15-80 MHz, 80% modulated		
	Voltage Dips	IEC61000-4-11	>95% dip, 0.5 period; 30% dip, 25 periods; 95% reduction, 250 periods		
Safety Agency Approvals					
UL	UL8750 recognized				
cUL	CAN/CSA C22.2 No. 250.13-14 LED equipment for lighting applications				

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	Units	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Notes	
Hi Pot (High Potential) or Dielectric Voltage-Withstand	Vdc	4242			Insulation between the input (AC line and Neutral) and the output Tracted at the DMC veltage equivalent of 2000 Vec	
					 Tested at the RMS voltage equivalent of 3000 Vac 	

7 - PROTECTION FEATURES

Under-Voltage (Brownout)

The EVM series provides protection circuitry such that an application of an input voltage below the minimum stated in paragraph 1 (Input Specification) shall not cause damage to the driver.

Short Circuit

The EVM series is protected against short-circuit such that a short from any output to return shall not result in a fire hazard or shock hazard. The driver shall hiccup as a result of a short circuit or over current fault. Removal of the fault will return the driver to within normal operation. The driver shall recover, with no damage, from a short across the output for an indefinite period of time.

Internal Over temperature Protection

The EVM series incorporates circuitry that prevents internal damage due to an over temperature condition. An over temperature condition may be a result of an excessive ambient temperature or as a result of an internal failure. When the over temperature condition is removed, the driver shall automatically recover.

Output Open Load

When the LED load is removed, the output voltage of the EVM series is limited to 1.3 times the maximum output voltage of each model.

Series	EVM090 EVM100 EVM110 EVM120	71-80 W 81-90 W 91-100 W 101-110 W 111-120 W
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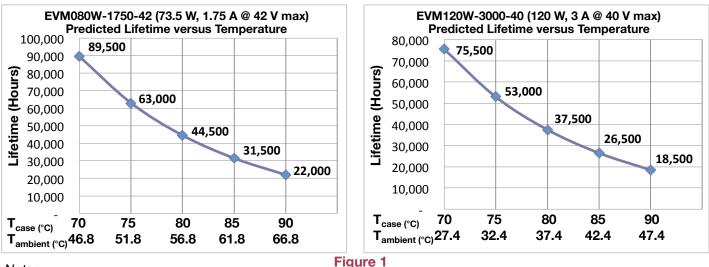
60 to 120 W Constant Current LED Drivers with Tri-Mode Dimming[™] (TRIAC, ELV & 0-10 V)

8 - PREDICTED LIFETIME VERSUS CASE AND AMBIENT TEMPERATURE

Lifetime is defined by the measurement of the temperatures of all the electrolytic capacitors whose failure would affect light output under the nominal LED load and worst case AC line voltage. The graphs in figure 1 are determined by the electrolytic capacitor with the shortest lifetime, among all electrolytic capacitors. They represent a worst case scenario in which the LED driver is powered 24 hours/day, 7 days/week. The lifetime of an electrolytic capacitor is measured when any of the following changes in performance are observed:

1) Capacitance changes more than 20% of initial value

3) Equivalent Series Resistance (ESR): 150% or IEVM of initial specified value 2) Dissipation Factor (tan δ): 150% or IEVM of initial specified value 4) Leakage current: IEVM of initial specified value



Notes:

- The ambient temperature $T_{ambient}$ and the differential between $T_{ambient}$ and T_{case} mentioned in the above graphs are relevant only as long as both the driver and the light fixture are exposed to the same ambient room temperature. If the LED driver is used in an enclosure or covered by insulation material, then the ambient room temperature is no longer valid. In this situation, please refer only to the case temperature T_{case} .
- It should be noted the graph "Lifetime vs. Ambient Temperature" may have an error induced in the final application if the mounting has restricted convection flow around the case. For applications where this is evident, the actual case temperature measured at the Tc point in the application should be used for reliability calculations.
- For EVM models ≥ 90 W, the driver must be mounted flush on a flat aluminum heatsink plate (minimum dimensions 210 mm x 200 mm x 2 mm) to ensure adequate thermal derating and life performance.



EVM Series	EVM060 EVM080 EVM090 EVM100 EVM110 EVM120	51-60 W 71-80 W 81-90 W 91-100 W 101-110 W 111-120 W

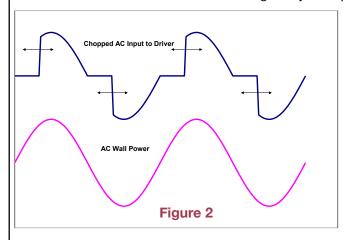
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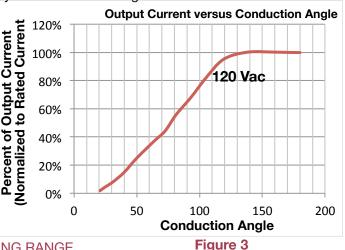
9 - PHASE-CUT DIMMING

Dimming of the driver is possible with standard TRIAC-based incandescent dimmers that chop the AC voltage as shown in Figure 2, or with ELV dimmers. During the rapid rise time of the AC voltage when the dimmer turns on, the driver does not generate any voltage or current oscillations, and inrush current is controlled. During the on-time of the AC input, the driver regulates the output current based upon the conduction angle. The RMS value of the driver output current is proportional to the on-time of the AC input voltage. When operating with an incandescent dimmer, the RMS output current varies depending upon the conduction angle and RMS value of the applied AC input voltage. Figure 3 shows the typical output current versus conduction angle at nominal input voltage.

Forward-phase (TRIAC) and reverse-phase (ELV) dimming are only working at 120 Vac.

The EVM series offers tri-mode dimming compatibility with both phase-cut (reverse-phase and forward-phase) and 0–10V dimmers. Phase-cut dimming always has priority over 0-10 V dimming.





10 - COMPATIBLE PHASE-CUT DIMMERS & DIMMING RANGE

120Vac Dimmers					
Mfg.	Model	Mfg.	Model	Mfg.	Model
Lutron	S-603PG	Lutron	DVELV-303P	Lutron	CT-103P
Leviton	IPI06-1LZ	Lutron	SELV-300P	Cooper	SLC03P
Leviton	6631-2	Leviton	6683-IW	Leviton	IPE04
Lutron	DVCL-153P	Leviton	6161	Lutron	MAELV-600
Lutron	DV-600P	Leviton	6633-P	Lutron	FAELV-500
Lutron	TGCL-153P	Lutron	TG-600P	Lightolier	ZP260QEW
Lutron	S-600P	Cooper	DLC03P	Cooper	DAL06P
Leviton	VPE06	Lutron	LG-600P		

Dimming compatibility charts are available for each model in the EVM series. Please contact your sales representative or send an email to: <u>SaveEnergy@ERP-Power.com</u>.

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EVM Series

EVM060 EVM080 EVM090 EVM100 EVM110 EVM120

51-60 W 71-80 W 81-90 W 91-100 W 101-110 W 111-120 W

60 to 120 W Constant Current LED Drivers with Tri-Mode Dimming[™] (TRIAC, ELV & 0-10 V)

📕 11 - 0-10 V DIMMING

The EVM drivers operate only with 0-10V dimmers that sink current. They are not designed to operate with 0-10V control systems that source current, as used in theatrical/entertainment systems. Developed in the 1980's, the 0-10V sinking current control method is adopted by the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) as apart of their IEC Standard 60929 Annex E.

The method to dim the output current of the driver is done via the +Dim/-Dim Signal pins. The +Dim/-Dim Signal pins respond to a 0 to 10 V signal, delivering 1% to 100% of the output current based on rated current for each model. A pull-up resistor is included internal to the driver. When the +Dim wire (purple) is short circuited to the –Dim wire (grey) or to the –LED wire (black), a small amount of current may be present on the output and, in that condition, shimmering may be observed. If the +Dim input is $\leq 1 \text{ V}$ and $\geq 0.6 \text{ V}$, the output current is still present, as shown in figure 4.

Please note that short circuiting the +Dim wire (purple) to the –Dim wire (grey) does not guarantee that the output current is turned off. In some models, the current may turn off when short circuiting the +Dim wire to the –Dim wire. In other models, there may be a small amount of current still present.

If the +Dim input is > 10 V or open circuited, the output current is programmed to 100% of the rated current.

When not used, the –Dim wire (grey) and the +Dim wire (purple) can be individually capped or cut off. In this configuration, no dimming is possible and the driver delivers 100% of its rated output current.

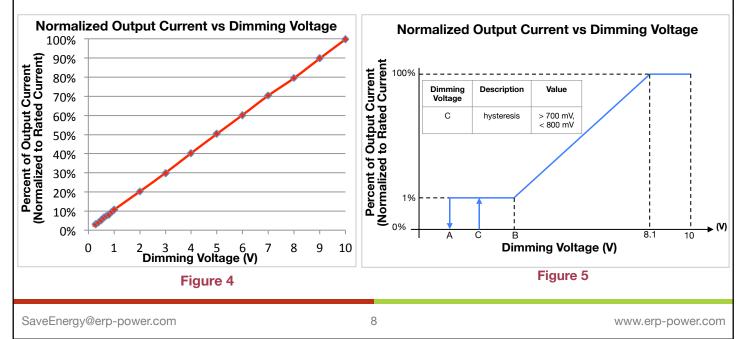
The maximum source current (flowing from the driver to the 0-10V dimmer) supplied by the +Dim Signal pin is \leq 1 mA. The tolerance of the output current while being dimmed shall be +/-8% typical until down to 1 V.

The linear 0-10V dimming profile is the default profile across most models of the EVM series. In the linear 0-10V dimming profile, shown in figure 4, 10 V = 100% of the output current and 1 V = 10 % of the output current.

Models with the "-Z1" suffix exhibit a non-linear 0-10 V dimming profile with dim-to-off, as shown in figure 5:

• Models with the "-Z1" suffix: 10V to 8.1V=100%, 1V to 0.8V=1%, Dim-to-off <0.8V.

The non-linear curve is recommended when using standard in wall 0-10 V logarithmic dimmers to avoid having insufficient source current available to pull the dimmer up to 10V and to account for the inability of the dimmer to pull below approximately 0.9V. In these type of installations, the modified transfer function will ensure 100% light output and dimming to 1%, regardless of the number of drivers on the 0-10V dimming line. Please contact your sales representative or send an email to: <u>SaveEnergy@erp-power.com</u> for additional information.

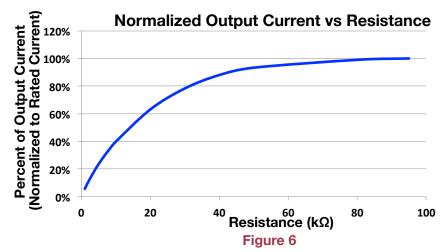


EVM Series	EVM060 EVM080 EVM090 EVM100 EVM110 EVM120	51-60 W 71-80 W 81-90 W 91-100 W 101-110 W 111-120 W
Constant Current I		

60 to 120 W Constant Current LED Drivers with Tri-Mode Dimming[™] (TRIAC, ELV & 0-10 V)

11 - 0-10 V DIMMING (CONTINUED)

A fixed or variable resistor can be also used from the +Dim signal pin to the –Dim pin to adjust the output current. Figure 6 show the relationship of the output current to a resistor connected across the 0-10V dimming input. This is a typical graph for the entire EVM series but is not specific to a particular model. This graph may vary from one model to the next.



12 - COMPATIBLE 0-10 V DIMMERS

- Lutron, Nova series (part number NFTV)
- Lutron, Diva series (part number DVTV)
- Leviton, IllumaTech series (part number IP710-DL)

EVM060 51-60 W **EVM080** 71-80 W EVM **EVM090** 81-90 W **EVM100** 91-100 W Series **EVM110** 101-110 W C Ρ W Ε **EVM120 R**™ 111-120 W 60 to 120 W Constant Current LED Drivers with Tri-Mode Dimming™ (TRIAC, ELV & 0-10 V)

13 - MECHANICAL DETAILS

Packaging Options: I/O Connections:	Metal case Flying leads, 18 AWG on power leads, 22 AWG on 0-10V dimming wires, 203 mm (8") long, 105°C rated, double insulated stranded, stripped by approximately 9.5mm and tinned. All the wires, on both input and output, have a 300 V insulation rating. Input wires have double insulation.
Ingress Protection: Mounting Instructions	IP20 rated (IP64 for optional metal case with side leads) : For EVM models \ge 90 W, the driver must be mounted flush on a flat aluminum heatsink plate (minimum dimensions 210 mm x 200 mm x 2 mm) to ensure adequate thermal derating and life performance.

14 - OUTLINE DRAWINGS

